THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 21, 1866.

A PORTION of the miners in Luzerne county are on a strike.

COL. ROBERTS says he has made his last speech, which, being interpreted, means his wing of the Fenian host has retired from business.

THE President appended to Judge Stansbury's nomination an intimation that his confirmation was desirable as a means of bringing Jeff. Davis to immediate trial at Nashville.

A REPORT reaches us through private sources that the Erie Railway is likely to pass into the hands of the Atlantic and Great Western people. We do not vouch for its accuracy.

AMONG the incidents indicating an effectual restoration of the Union may be taken the fraternization progressing among the Free Masons, the Odd Fellows, and the Methodist, Baptist, and Presbyterian churches.

IN consideration of the existence of the cholera in the lower bay at New York, an organization has been formed in that city looking to a diffusion of the disease, and the gratuitous dispensation of medicines to such as may be unable to provide for themselves.

MR. A. H. STEPHENS declaims earnestly at what he holds to be the oppression of excluding white rebels from political power. Yet he does not see any oppression in the exclusion, by himself and friends, of four millions of loyal black people from political rights. Don't he understand the rule of Common Law, that they who demand equity must do equity?

THE Wilkesbarre *Times* states that a railroad route is being surveyed from that borough over to Hawley, there to connect with the branch leading to the Erie Railway at Lackawaxen. This is to be a coal road, the cars taking the Newburg branch at Chester. From Newburg a road will be built up to Albany. A bridge is now constructing at the latter point, furnishing facilities for running coal into the eastern States.

CITY ITEMS.

Children's Friend

For May, at Pittock's.

"Agraffe Treble"

In all of Knabe's Pianos.

Atlantic and Young Folks

For May, at Pittock's.

Godey and Lady's Friend

For May, at Pittock's.

Harper and Galaxy

For May, at Pittock's.

Knabe's "Agraffe Treble"

Pianos, Charlotte Blume, Sole Agent.

Knabe's Square Grand Pianos

For sale only by Charlotte Blume, 81 Fifth street.

Hamill, Hotto,

Cogswell, Monk, Sisters, Dixon, Adams, Brougham and others' photos at Pittock's.

J. M. Fulton's Drug Store,

Removed to 108 Smithfield street, three doors above Fifth street, opposite the Postoffice.

Automatic Organs

In rosewood, walnut and oak cases, made by Prince & Co., for sale only by Charlotte Blume.

Irish Linen

And Linen Shirt Fronts, a new lot just opened on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.

C. HANSON, LOVE & BRO.

New Spring Dry Goods,

Now opening on the north easterner of Fourth and Market streets.

C. HANSON, LOVE & BRO.

Prince & Co.'s

Improved Patent Prize Medal Automatic Organs and Melodeons. Splendid new stock at Blume's Music Store, 45 Fifth street.

Immense Stock,

At Wm. Fleming's first class hat and cap house, No. 139 Wood street, wholesale and retail, as low as any jobbing house in the country.

Three Half Acre Lots at Collins Park,

To be sold on the premises next Monday afternoon, are among the most desirable in East Liberty. Their situation is unsurpassed. Only a few are remaining unsold.

Colored Alpacas

Every shade of color, at less than the usual wholesale price, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.

C. HANSON, LOVE & BRO.

X. L. A. I. I. Refrigerators.

Ice Chests, with stone water-cooler and butter crocks complete, a new supply just received at Hubley's House-furnishing Store, No. 58 Federal street, Allegheny.

Wm Knabe & Co.'s Piano Fortes

These instruments are superior to all others in regard to tone, touch, durability and workmanship. Knabe's Square Pianos have their new improved Grand Scale and "Agraffe Treble."

Domestic Dry Goods

From the large auction sales, and will be sold lower than they can be bought elsewhere. Remember we are now on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.

C. HANSON, LOVE & BRO.

What I Draw.

I draw the coolest glass of Soda Water.
I draw the sharpest.
I make the best Syrups.
I do all this for five cents a glass, at 81 Federal street, Allegheny. Maw1dt

Just opened.

At the first class hat house of William Fleming, No. 139 Wood street, a large stock of men and boys' straw goods, genteel fine French felt hats, of the latest styles and in all colors—also ladies' and misses' hats, trimmed and untrimmed, all of which will be sold wholesale or retail at the lowest prices.

Not Long Since,

A lady entered a car on the Penn street road, so crowded that no attempt was made to give her a seat, until presently a gentleman rising to leave the cars offered her the place he had occupied. Instead, however, of taking the seat, she turned kindly and said: "I am obliged; I am going to Pittock's to see his Albums, Gold Pens, Wallets, &c."

Spring and Summer Goods.

The well-known store of Mr. John Weier, Merchant Tailor, No. 126 Federal street, Allegheny, has been lately fitted up with a new assortment of spring and summer goods. The stock has been well selected, and embraces all the numberless articles needed for gentlemen's garments. A large stock of ready-made pants, coats, vests, &c., will also be found in its establishment. His stock of furnishing goods cannot be surpassed. Persons desiring to purchase a good suit of clothes would do well by giving Mr. Weier a call.

Thomas W. Parry & Co.,

Practical Slate Roofers, and Dealers in American Slate of various colors. Office at Alexander Laughlin's near the Water Works Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. 78 Pike street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water proof. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused after it is put on.

Carpenter Jobbing Shop

Having returned after an absence of three years in the army, I have re-opened my shop for all sorts of jobbing in the carpenter line at the old stand, Virgin Alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry Alley. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

WILLIAM FORREST.

THE LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

Accident to Steamer State of Maine Full Particulars.

NEW YORK, April 20.—The Old Colony, Captain Brown, which left Newport last evening at nine o'clock, arrived here at half-past nine o'clock this morning, having on board her usual number of passengers from Boston, and also one hundred and fifty passengers taken from the Steamer State of Maine at midnight, in Long Island Sound, off Bartlett's Reef. The following list of passengers were taken by Captain Borden, of the State of Maine, also from Henry L. Bacon, clerk of the steamer, and T. M. Turner, conductor of the New London and Worcester Railroad:

From the statement of Captain Borden, it appears that on the trip from New York to New London, on Thursday last, when within three miles of New London the steamer State of Maine ran on the rocks at Eastern Point, going on, however, so easily, that even the passengers on board knew nothing of the fact until after she had laid there nearly an hour. The rock at the place where she struck is quite shelving and apparently no great damage was done. They lay there about two hours, the steam ferry boat plying across the river from New London, pulled the steamer off, and she landed her eastwardly bound passengers at New London.

On examination, Capt. Borden found the steamer was leaking slightly, from the fact that her forefoot was slightly cut a few feet below the water line. Canvass was placed over the leak outwards, and other measures taken to prevent any further leakage while laying at the dock. During the night or next day the leak was hardly perceptible, so slight did it appear that Captain Borden did not think it necessary to take any further steps at repairs until after arrival at Pier No. 1, North River, New York. On the arrival of the Boston train at New London, the passengers went on board, and the State of Maine left at about 10.30 for New York.

After being out an hour from New London, it was found that the steamer was making water considerably fast, and the steam pumps were put to work. Some eighteen inches of water was then in her hold. After an examination, Captain Borden deemed it best to stop and await the passage of some one of the Sound boats to whom to transfer his passengers.

The steamer Old Colony, of the New York line, soon after was signalled by rockets, and hauled along side, at the request of Captain Borden. Captain Brown, of the Old Colony, had everything in readiness, and very promptly took every measure prompted by the anticipation of what might prove to be a serious matter. On board of the State of Maine there were one hundred and fifty passengers on the clerk's list, including some fifty ladies and some ten or twelve infants and children. At the time of parting with the State of Maine there was but four inches of water in her, and it was found that while laying still the leak was totally preventible. Captain Borden decided to follow on to this city under easy steam.

Late Washington News.

NEW YORK, April 20.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: The Senate Committee on Commerce to-day agreed to report in favor of E. T. Parker, as Surveyor of the port of New Orleans, and to reject Edmore as Collector of Mobile, on account of his participation in the rebellion.

All payments of naval prize money on lists upon which no sums have yet been paid, have been suspended for the present, until certain rules for their payment shall be determined upon by the commissioners of the supreme Court, before which several prize cases are now pending.

The concurring testimony of the custom officers stationed on the Canada frontier, shows that notwithstanding the gloomy predictions of many, smuggling operations have decreased since the termination of the Reciprocity treaty.

The Committee of Ways and Means Committee have finally overcome the obstacles which presented themselves relative to imposing a tax of five per cent. on cotton. The bill was agreed upon to-day and will be reported as soon as it can be arranged. The difficulty has been in regard to collecting the tax, out this in the minds of the Committee has been obviated.

The General Tax Bill with all its reductions and modifications, will not be ready to report before the first of next week. It is a very elaborate bill, and has cost the Committee a vast deal of time and trouble, and it is made as near perfect as such a measure can be.

Suicide of an Army Officer.

NEW YORK, April 20.—The *Times'* Washington special says: Yesterday morning an officer, apparently of the staff of the Veteran Reserve Corps, entered a gun shop on Pennsylvania Avenue, near Fourteenth street, and asked to see a pistol, saying that he wanted to purchase one. The youth attending the shop showed him a large revolver, which was loaded, and notified him that it was loaded. The officer took it from the counter, and placing his thumb on the trigger, and the muzzle at his mouth, fired and fell dead instantly. The body has been identified by several gentlemen to be that of Joseph Ahens, Veteran Reserve Corps of the Freedmen's Bureau, and attached to General Howard's staff. He was a native of Hungary, and it is stated that he was of noble lineage. He was recently on duty in North Carolina, and leaves a wife in Michigan. No one is able to assign any reason for the act, but his friends say that for several days he has threatened suicide.

Relief for Destitute Alabamians.

CINCINNATI, April 20.—An appeal was made during Change to-day by the President in behalf of the suffering people in Alabama and Georgia. The Chamber of Commerce appropriated thirteen hundred dollars out of its funds, and about seven hundred dollars additional was subscribed in a few minutes afterwards. Provisions will be purchased at once, and forwarded free to the sufferers. It is expected that eight or ten thousand dollars will be collected within the next forty-eight hours.

A telegram from Major General Thomas, commanding at Nashville, fully corroborates the report given of the sufferings in Northern Georgia and Alabama.

From British West Indies.

NEW YORK, April 20.—From the British West Indies we have advices from Antigua, March 24th, and from Hamilton, Bermuda, April 10. The vessels of the English North American and West India squadron were in active motion to and from Halifax and the islands. Ships are expected from England with moneys and war supplies.

OIL FIRE AT SHAFFER, P&.

One Thousand Barrels of Oil and Several Cars Burnt.

THE INCENDIARIES DISCHARGED TEAMSTERS.

They Mob the Watchman and Re-Kindle the Fire.

SHAFFER, P&., April 20.—The tanks of Henry, Haley & Co., at this point, which receive oil from Bennehon Run, two miles distant, by pipes, were set on fire at three o'clock on the morning of the 18th, but through the courage and industry of the employees all but two out of the seven tanks were saved. Four of the Oil Creek cars, with two loaded tanks on each, were destroyed, together with the pipes, platform, and eight hundred barrels partly filled with oil, belonging to various parties. About one thousand barrels were burned on this occasion.

This forenoon at 11 o'clock, an armed mob, estimated by the watchman at from twenty-five to two hundred, emerged from the thickets surrounding the tanks, and ordered the watchman to leave instantly. The latter hesitating, the mob rushed forward, yelling and firing rapidly with revolvers. The watchman fled, after firing a few times in return. The incendiary mob then applied the match and stood guard until the conflagration was under full headway, defying any one to attempt to put out the fire. The regular watch of three men was increased after the first fire to seven, and were always fully armed. It was generally believed, as threats had been frequently made, that the tank would be burned. The second fire destroyed all of the Company's property. The entire village of Shaffer was in imminent danger. The Company are morally certain that those who are out of work are known to be the guilty parties. The property will be replaced and put in working order in two or three days. No lives are reported lost, but it is said that one or two of the mob were wounded.

BOUNTY JUMPING FRAUDS.

SESSION ON THE REVENUE LAW.

Prolongation of Congress.

CHARGES AGAINST DAVIS AND CLAY.

Storage of Nitro-Glycerine Prohibited

&c., &c., &c.

NEW YORK, April 20.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: Detective Baker has made a very voluminous report in reference to the bounty jumping frauds perpetrated under the calls for troops. He traces the jumpers from the last of 1863, when in small their reaching the field, the aliens of the five hundred thousand men called out and sworn in by the Government, only one hundred and sixty-eight thousand reached the field to which enough bounty and recruits received their bounties. The wholesale system of fraud is shown to have been perpetrated in nearly every local State.

The Washington special says the House Committee of Ways and Means had another stormy session this morning on Internal Revenue. They will probably have to make majority and minority reports on this and other portions of the revenue law.

Members of Congress are quietly going home on brief visits which indicate a desire to prolong the session.

The House Judiciary Committee are investigating the charges against Jeff. Davis and C. C. Clay, of complicity in the assassination.

The Cunard steamship Scandinavian books between this city and the steamship Virginia, the vessel which arrived at this port on Wednesday evening from Liverpool, with cholera among her passengers, has the facts of great importance in addition to those published yesterday can be reported.

Three hundred pounds of nitro-glycerine arrived at Hamburg on the 3d instant, from Hull ago. At that time the authorities did not know the dangerous nature of the article and it was placed in a public store. The matter having been found out and Fire Marshal Bayer, voyer, Heinrich Gentleman began an investigation, which resulted in the safe removal of the dangerous article from the city. It has been placed in a safe magazine at a place where the risk is no possibility of an explosion disturbing the town. After the 1st of May next no nitro-glycerine will be admitted to any of the public stores.

PRESIDENTIAL PARDONS.

Follett-Delano Contested Case.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The President has pardoned the following criminals:

John Harris, of Kentucky, convicted of violation of the Internal Revenue laws, and sentenced to pay a fine of $500.

Robert Hogg, of Michigan, convicted of embezzling from the mails, and sentenced to one year's imprisonment.

Walter W. Whitmore, of the District of Columbia, convicted of abstracting public records from the Treasury Department, and sentenced to pay a fine of $1,000, and stand committed until paid. Whitmore has been in confinement at night in the Marshal's office, pardoned because his health has become so much impaired as to endanger his life.

George Warren Brownell, of Massachusetts convicted of accepting a front line, promotion division of the Provost Marshal's office, and who was sentenced to three years imprisonment.

The Committee on Elections will on Monday take up the case from Ohio, of Follett against Delano, the sitting member.

It is understood the Secretary of the Treasury has under consideration the subject of issuing proposals for a new five per cent. loan.

SOUTH AMERICAN ADVICES.

American Steamer Reported Seized.

NEW YORK, April 20.—Advices from South Mexico state the Spanish frigates Blanca and Numancia, from Callao, were driven out of the harbor of Valparaiso by the Chilian sharp shooters, whose fire they were unable to return.

There is considerable talk about the coming bombardment of Valparaiso, and about two thousand men and military among the crews of the Spanish squadron.

The American steamer Uncle Sam is reported seized by the Spanish squadron at Valparaiso.

From New Orleans The Races Cotton Prospects The County Flooded.

NEW ORLEANS, April 20.—The first race for $500, mile heats, was won by Lewis Smith—time, 1:52½, and 1:55¾. The second race for $800, mile heats, was won by a small nag—time, 1:56¾ and 1:57¾.

The Methodist Conference set apart the Africans a separate diocese. They are to be accountable to the mother church until they have bishops of their own.

It is estimated that only three thousand bales of cotton remain up Trinity river, Texas. The old crop is nearly cleared out. The cotton in Texas and Louisiana is unaffected by rain and is looking well.

The crevasse in Baton Rouge is increasing. The country looks like an ocean.

The press is very severe on the levee commissioners.

Bills Approved by the President

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The President has approved the bill authorizing him to transfer a vessel to the Government of the Republic of Liberia, which is to pay for the vessel.

Also, the joint resolution protesting against sending foreign paupers and convicts of infamous crimes, on condition of their emigration to the United States. Also, the bill to reimburse the Governor of Kansas for moneys advanced for the United States in enrolling, equipping and provisioning the militia forces to aid in suppressing the rebellion. The sum of $6,716,000 is appropriated for the purpose.

The President has recognized Moritz Vanbaumbaugen as Vice Consul of Aldenburg, at Milwaukee, and as Vice Consul of Bavaria, at the same city.

The Bruner Fraud Trial.

LOUISVILLE, April 20.—The trial of H. Bruner for complicity as an Internal Revenue Superintendent of the Government corrals, is still progressing at Nashville. He is charged with conspiracy with other parties, principally contractors, in defrauding the Government, and receiving false cash vouchers to be issued to them, upon which the said contractors were enabled to get pay for mules which they never delivered. The principle government witness is W. McKay Hogg, who acknowledges issuing the false vouchers, and who has been released to testify against others. The parties accused charge that Hoge is testifying falsely in order to get clear himself, and thus himself from punishment, after having attempted extortion and failed.

The French Defeat at Mazatlan.

NEW YORK, April 20.—Passengers who left San Francisco on the 30th ult., give further particulars of the collision between the Liberals and the French troops who marched out of the city to give the Liberals battle. The fighting was very severe, no prisoners being taken on either side. The officer in command of the French was killed. The last advices from the seat of war state that reinforcements are en route for the French at Mazatlan.

The military situation at Acapulco remained unchanged. The United States gunboat Saranas was lying in the harbor on the 6th.

Coal Trade Suspended.

PHILADELPHIA, April 20.—The coal trade at Richmond, Pa., is suspended in consequence of the determination of the laborers to resist any reduction of wages. No disturbance has yet occurred.

Car Drivers' Strike at an End.

NEW YORK, April 20.—The strike of the car drivers is ended. They are to receive two dollars for ten hours' service.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON, April 20, 1866.

SENATE.

Mr. Wilson called up the joint resolution providing that the President of the United States be requested to procure three valuable gold medals with suitable devices, one to be presented to Captain Creighton, of the ship Three Bells, of Glasgow; one to Captain Low, of the bark Kilby, of Boston; and one to Capt. Stouffer, of the ship Antarctic, with ceremonials of national gratitude for their gallant conduct in rescuing about five hundred Americans from the wreck of the steamship San Francisco, and that the cost of the same be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Mr. Johnson, of Maryland, offered an amendment appropriating $50,000 to be distributed among the officers and crew of the vessels. The amendment was agreed to, and the resolution was passed.

The bill in relation to the habeas corpus was taken up. The pending question was an amendment of Mr. Edmunds to exempt from indemnification unlawful acts committed by army officers in states where the habeas corpus was duly suspended. The amendment was lost by yeas, 16; nays, 29.

Mr. Howard asked that the Committee on the Pacific Railroad be discharged from the further consideration of a bill to aid in the construction of the Southern branch of the Pacific Railroad, on the ground that the Committee are of the opinion that no further pecuniary obligations ought to be assumed by the Government to aid in the construction of the branches of the Union Pacific Railroad. The Committee was discharged as requested.

Mr. Howard, from the same committee, reported a joint resolution to extend the time for the completion of the first twenty miles of the Western Pacific Railroad to the first of January, 1868, which was passed.

The Habeas Corpus bill was passed, yeas 30, nays 4.

Mr. Clark moved that when the Senate adjourn it be to meet on Monday.

The Senate then adjourned at 5.30 P. M.

HOUSE.

The first business in order, to-day being Friday, was the call of the Committees for reports of a private nature.

Mr. Ward, from the Committee on Claims, reported a bill giving to Ishmael Davis, of Baltimore county, Md., an annuity of $623 50, as a recognition of his heroism in defending the American flag from a mob of rebel ruffians, on the 12th of July, 1861, and for his loss of property on that occasion. According to the report, which was read, Mr. Davis is a patriotic old citizen, seventy-two years of age, and when two of Vilmore's raiders attempted to haul down the national flag over his dwelling, he shot one of them dead and put the other to flight. The property of which his property was destroyed by a large party of rebels.

Mr. Ward made an appeal to the House in support of the bill.

Mr. Upson wanted to know upon what principles of law the bill could be sustained.

Mr. Ward replied: Oh, it is on the great principle that we sustain every man who sustains the flag in that way. [Several members here exclaimed: "Good! you are right!"]

Mr. Dodge, of Washington Territory, explained the question. He said the rule the Committee was to respect all claims for damages or losses by depredations of the rebels during the war. Individual pay was a loser to the amount of seven or eight thousand dollars, but the Committee felt it could do nothing to compensate him for that loss unless Congress would make very particular, the act so noble, that the Committee agreed to submit to the House the question of giving to the old man for the few remaining years of his life (he is last of when he exhibited this high degree of gallantry and patriotism, a small pension of four hundred dollars a year. If it was too much the House might reduce it.

Mr. Washburne, of Illinois—We understand from the reading of the report that the bill was put upon the ground of the loss of property.

Mr. Delano said he knew that the question had not been understood, and therefore he had made the explanation.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill, which resulted as follows: Yeas, 108; nays 11—so the bill was passed.

Mr. Delano, from the Committee on Claims, reported a joint resolution authorizing the remission to John Wells & Son, of Baltimore, Md., of so much of the penalty incurred by them by reason of their failure to comply with the terms of contract of the 4th of October, 1861, for repairing the steamer City of Albany, as may be covered by the actual loss of the Government by reason of delay in completing the repair of such steamer.

The joint resolution was read three times and passed.

Mr. Delano, also from the Joint Committee, reported back the Senate bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to issue to Theodore Grinnold, of Providence, R. I., two one thousand dollar 5-20 bonds, in lieu of two such bonds issued March 16, 1865, partially destroyed by fire, and the charred remnants of which are deposited in the Treasury.

The bill was considered and passed.

Mr. Illinois, offered a resolution, which was adopted, directing the Secretary of War to communicate to the House the report of the mixed board of engineers and ordnance officers, of which Major General Hunt was president, and Majors Chase, Birnhard, and Beauregard were members in 1861 and '2, and Brigadier General of May Delafield, in 1861, relative to the success of the operations of the Land Company, in deepening the Southwest pass ship channel.

The House then, on motion of Mr. Stevens, went into Committee of the Whole, with Mr. Smith in the chair, to consider the bill reported yesterday appropriating $15,000 for deficiencies in the pay of officers, $26,000 for pay, and $35,000 for binding. The Committee then rose and presented the bill to the House, which passed it.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the bill to reorganize and establish the army of the United States, the pending question being on the amendment of Mr. Farnsworth to the tenth section, relating to the Adjutant General's Department.

Mr. Schenck moved moved to amend the section by striking out the following proviso: "Provided, that nothing in this section shall be construed to vacate the commission of any officer now commissioned as Assistant Adjutant General with the rank of Colonel, or as Adjutant in the case of those who rank as Lieutenant Colonel or Major, without affecting in any way their relative positions of the line from which they were taken."

Mr. Blaine spoke against the proposition of the Military Committee to change the nomenclature of Assistant Adjutant General to Adjutant, arguing that there was good reason for the distinction that had grown up. He defended the officers of the Adjutant General's department who had remained in Washington during the war, saying that many of them had applied again and again to be sent to active service and had been refused.

Mr. Davis commented on the remarks of Mr. Schenck of yesterday reflecting on officers in the Adjutant General's Department.

Mr. Schenck challenged him to point to a single phrase or sentence in his remarks reflecting on the officers of any department.

Mr. Davis suggested that he had accused them of shirking the responsibility of active service during the war.

Mr. Schenck denied that he had used any such language, but he would now say that while the greater number of these officers employed in Washington would have preferred to have been on active duty in the field, he believed there were others here because they preferred to have places in the department rather than active service in the field.

Mr. Davis retorted by saying that some officers of the Veteran Reserve Corps, for which Mr. Schenck showed so much anxiety, were men who had gone into that corps when they could have gone to the front—He knew officers in the army who looked with distrust on any persons who had entered that corps.

Mr. Schenck's amendment was agreed to.

Another amendment, offered by Mr. Schenck, striking out the words "after the first appointments made under the provisions of this section," was also agreed to.

Mr. Stevens regarded the question as simplified to this. Whether a man should be called John Jack, or simply Jack; whether an officer should be called adjutant general, or simply adjutant. German Barons could show titles, but he did not see why the title adjutant was not as good as that of assistant adjutant general.

The debate was closed by the previous question, and the House was brought to a vote which was taken by yeas and nays, and resulted as follows: Yeas, 98; nays, 39; so the substitute was adopted.

The 13th section, as thus amended, reads as follows: "And be it further enacted, That the Adjutant General's Department shall hereafter consist of the officers now authorized by law, and their rank shall be as follows, namely: The Adjutant General shall have the rank, pay and emoluments of a Brigadier General, four Assistant Adjutant Generals, with the rank, pay and emoluments of Colonels of Cavalry, five Assistant Adjutant Generals, with the rank, pay &c. of Lieutenant Colonels, and ten Assistant Adjutant Generals, with the rank, pay and emoluments of Majors of Cavalry.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the fourteenth section in regard to the Inspector General.

No amendment was offered to the fourteenth section, which is as follows:

SEC. 14.—*And be it further enacted*, that there shall be four Inspector Generals of the army, with the rank, pay and emolument of Colonels of cavalry; four Assistant Inspector Generals with the rank, pay and emoluments of Majors of cavalry.

The House proceeded to the consideration of the fifteenth section, relating to the Bureau of Military Justice.

Some amendments were offered but rejected. The section, as amended and passed, reads: "That there shall be in the War Department a Bureau of Military Justice hereafter to consist of one Judge Advocate General, with the rank, pay and emoluments of a Brigadier General, and one Assistant Judge Advocate General, with the rank, pay and emoluments of a Colonel of Cavalry. And the said Judge Advocate General shall receive, revise and have recorded the proceedings of all courts-martial and courts of inquiry and military commissions, and shall perform such other duties as have heretofore been performed by the Judge Advocate of the army, and by the Judge Advocates now in office. There may be retained a number not exceeding ten, to be selected by the Secretary of War, who shall perform their duties under the direction of the Judge Advocate General, and shall receive ordered by law, or until the Secretary of War shall decide that their services may be dispensed with.

The House passed on to the consideration of the 16th section relative to the Quartermaster's Department.

Mr. Davis moved a substitute for the section, providing for one quartermaster general, four assistant quartermaster generals, eight deputy quartermaster generals, sixteen quartermasters and forty-eight assistant quartermasters.

Pending the consideration of the section, a movement was made towards adjourning.

On motion of Mr. Stevens, it was ordered that the session to-morrow be confined to a general debate on the President's annual message.

Mr. Harding, of Illinois, from the Committee on Militia, reported back with amendment the House bill to educate the militia. Ordered to be printed, and re-committed.

On motion of Mr. Deming, the Military Committee was discharged from the consideration of a memorial in reference to the reservation at Fort Riley and it was referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

On motion of Mr. Woodward, leave was granted to Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, to report back the Senate bill to pay Thomas F. Wilson, late United States Consul at Bonita, Brazil, fifteen thousand dollars in full for extra services and all other claims of his against the government, which was considered and passed.

Mr. Eldridge presented a memorial from the Wisconsin Legislature for a grant of land to aid in the construction of so much of the Winnebago and Superior railroad as extends from Doty's Island to Steven's Point. Referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

Mr. Rice, of Maine, asked leave to offer a resolution instructing the Committee on Banking and Currency to inquire into the expediency of repealing the 10 per cent. tax on the conversion of State banks now organized into national banks, on or before the 1st of January next.

Mr. Ross objected and then at 4 30 the House adjourned.

From Aspinwall—Disaster on the European—Fifty Persons Killed—Southern Coast Advices.

NEW YORK, April 20.—The steamer Arizona, from Aspinwall, has arrived with $520,000 in specie.

A disaster occurred at Aspinwall on 31 inst. There was a fearful explosion on board the steamship European, destroying the ship and four hundred feet of the wharf. The cause of her explosion is supposed to be from nitro-glycerine on board. About fifty persons were killed, among them the captain and officers of the ship.

The news from the Southern coast gives but little hope of a speedy settlement of the Peruvian-Chilian-Spanish question. But little progress is being made by either of the belligerents.

There is some talk of bombarding Valparaiso, but that is hardly likely.

No attempt has been made by the Spaniards to take possession of the Chinchas.

NEW YORK, April 20.—The officers of the Panama Railroad Company in this city state the loss by the explosion on the European Aspinwall will exceed one hundred thousand dollars. The nitro-glycerine was shipped on board the European by Caron & Co., of Liverpool, as gloucoline. The amount of damage caused by the explosion is estimated at a million dollars.

The Panama Railroad Company's splendid new depot at Panama is a ruin. There is scarcely a building in the place undamaged. Two clerks of the Panama Railroad and thirteen natives, or Jamacians, employed on the wharf or in the depot, were killed. Many were injured, several parts of native laborers, were killed. The total loss of life is about fifty.

The Fenian Advance a Bubble.

NEW YORK, April 20.—The *Tribune's* Eastport special says: There is no larger war feeling than has been none. No fight occurred at Calais, nor did the Fenians capture any English flag. There is no excitement on this side of the boundary. The presence of a few Fenians organizing circles, coupled with the provincial excitement, has caused the sensation, and the special dispatches sent to New York papers have been ridiculously false, and the lavish news which the many reporters who came to see out the strife General Meade, who arrived this forenoon, will officially explode the bubble.

The Fenian Prisoners.

TORONTO, (C. W.,) April 20.—The Fenian prisoners at Cornwall have been remanded till Wednesday next, awaiting important evidence. A most complete detective system is now in operation, and further arrests will be made unless the suspected parties succeed in escaping.

A special dispatch to the Globe from Eastport, Maine, says that General Meade expresses a determination to the line the coast with fifty thousand men, if necessary, to prevent Fenian mischief.

The meeting of Parliament is postponed until June.

Meeting in Aid of the Cincinnati and Chattanooga Railroad.

CINCINNATI, April 20.—A large meeting was held at the Merchants's Exchange last night, for the purpose of rendering aid to the Cincinnati and Chattanooga Railroad. Nearly six thousand dollars was subscribed.

Execution in Richmond

RICHMOND, VA., April 20.—Thomas Shields, convicted of the deliberate murder of Robert Taylor, was hung to-day in Libby prison. He was unrepentant to the last moment.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

District Court

FRIDAY, April 20.—Before Judge Hampton.

In the case of Morris Kestner vs. Daniel Winsberg and Samuel M. Masters, before reported, the jury found a verdict for the defendants. Reasons were filed upon a motion for a new trial.

James Gaines vs. Benjamin Trimble Action for damages, sustained by an alleged malicious prosecution. The facts of this case are these: In 1864 a young man named Wilson opened a grocery store on the corner of Fifth street, and had a place in the rear for a boarding house on Water street. In the same room were to be seen actors named James Wilson and Blanchard, dancing, those engaged at Trimble's Varieties. A few days after Wilson's sob obtained possession of the instrument, he offered it for sale to Mr. Trimble and Mr. Trimble purchased it, and gave Wilson a check for the amount on the Farmers' Deposit Bank. Wilson, on getting the money, left the city and was never heard of after-ward. Mrs Brunner, a sister of Wilson's, had been made of her property, went to Trimble and demanded possession, and the piano in due course returned to her. Mr. Trimble believing that Colonel Manning were partizants in Wilson's guilt, entered suit against them for conspiring to defraud him and being successful in the suit, had the defendants arrested, where they remained for a day or two, when the cases were called, a nol pros was entered as to Gilles, while Manning was tried and acquitted. Hence the present suit. Mr. Trimble for damages for malicious prosecution, that of Gilles being now on trial. The plaintiff's counsel alleged that he had no knowledge of Wilson's guilt, and that therefore the prosecution was malicious and without probable cause. The defence claimed that both Gilles and Manning were promises with Wilson at the time the latter was committed that they accompanied him to the bank when the check was cashed, and that a portion of the proceeds was handed over to them. The principle item in the testimony for the defence was that Gilles went to the bank with Wilson, was present when the check was cashed, and received a portion of the money. The case will go to the jury on Saturday morning.

Pittsburgh Gas Saving Company

The late Legislature did at least one good thing for Pittsburgh. It passed an act incorporating the Pittsburgh Gas Saving Company. By reference to our columns notice will be found signed by the incorporators, Messrs. William Phillips, William K. Nimick, James McConnell, John W. Harper, Thomas Bissell, and R. Biddle Roberts, who, as Commissioners, will open the books for subscription to the capital stock of the Company on May 21st, A. D. 1866, at the Clerk's desk, in the Insurance Company's office, No. 59 Fourth street, Pittsburgh. This Gas Saving Company have the right to exclusively use Boynton's patent, which, it is claimed, will save one half of the gas, says to the consumer one half his gas bill. Before originating the Company, the Commissioners named above examined the certificates from New York, also Philadelphia and other Gas Light companies, certifying to the saving of gas, and also had it fully tested at the Pittsburgh Gas Works with perfect success. It is now on exhibition at the Pittsburgh Theatre, and has been tried with uniform success in the private residences of some of our first citizens. The French invented an instrument for measuring light, but the Boynton is one which measures light with as much certainty as a farmer can measure a bushel of wheat or corn. This test cannot fail, and it demonstrates the immense value of the Boynton invention. It is a great public benefit in these times for any company to be organized to save the gas bill money, especially on the necessary an article as gas. The capital stock has been fixed at the small sum of sixty thousand dollars, which, taking into view the importance of the matter, is a comparatively trifling sum. It is so placed as the gentlemen organizing it wish to benefit the citizens of Pittsburgh, and they are all men of large wealth. Mr. Robert Christy is the sole Agent of the Company for sale, and will be pleased to show the practical workings of the Gas Saver to parties who may call on him at the office of Wm. Phillips, Esq., Girard House, Smithfield street.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—Mr. Dillon appeared again last night in his master piece "Belphegor," and was greeted with rounds of applause. To speak of Mr Dillon in the part is but to repeat sentation of it deserves, we feel our pen inadequate. He must be seen to be appreciated. The custom of unbounded eulogy has become so prevalent, that to speak of a truly great artiste like Mr. Dillon in the usual slang, would be an insult to the dignity of an actor, unsurpassed, at least on this American stage. "Belphegor" will be repeated to-night and the performance will conclude with the "Octoroon."

PITTSBURGH THEATER.—The "Heretic" was produced at the old Theater last night to a very select audience. The play itself has but little merit, and was rendered in a manner by the imperfect manner in which it was put upon the stage. In the first place Mr. Adams, who is unquestionably an artiste in his line, is labouring with an affection of the throat, which prevents him from doing justice to himself or his enviable reputation, while the other characters of the play are so lame and weakly as to destroy the effect of the ablest performer. Mr. Coggswell and Mr. Wentworth made all they possibly could out of the material they had to work on. "Black Eyed Susan" concluded the performance, and passed off much better. The "Drunkard" with Mr. Adams as Edward Middleton and "Black Eyed Susan," in which he will sustain the character of William, will be the plays this evening. On Monday Mr Adams will appear in his great personation of "Wild Oats."

City Mortality

The following is a list of the deaths in this city from April 8th to 15th:

Diseases—Decline of life, 1; old age, 1; pneumonia, 2; hernia, 1; phthisis, 1; erysipelas, 1; still born, 4; premature birth, 1; congestion of brain, 1; hydrocephalus, 1.

Males, 13; females, 2; white, 14. Total, 14.

Of the above there were, under 1 year, 7; from 1 to 2, 1; 5 to 10, 1; 40 to 50, 1; 50 to 70, 1; 70 to 80, 1; 80 to 90, 2.

THE GALLOWS IN CAMBRIA COUNTY.

Execution of Daniel Buser and John G. Houser for the Murder of Polly Paul and Cassie Munday.

The particulars connected with the murder of Oil Mary Paul and her young niece Cassie Munday are still fresh in the minds of most of our readers. Miss Paul lived in a lone cabin, on the mountain, in Croyle township, Cambria county, and although she had attained the age of seventy years she was still active and industrious, and her frugal habits, through a long life, led to the belief that she was possessed of a considerable sum of money. At the time of the murder, which occurred in June, 1865, her only companion was Cassie Munday, aged seventeen years, the daughter of an humble citizen of the county, who was with her aunt for the purpose of learning to weave. Their lonely cabin was entered between the 5th and 8th of June, (the precise time of the murder will probably never be known,) and they were most brutally murdered and the house rifled. They were last seen on the evening of the 5th, and their dead bodies were found on the 8th. The murder created intense excitement, and two men named Riddle and Reams were arrested and tried for the crime, but acquitted. After the arrest of the above named parties, information was received from the Warden of the Penitentiary to the effect that a convict named Wm. McCreary, under sentence from Washington county, had overheard two other convicts, Houser and Buser, plan the murder while in prison. They had heard of Polly Paul and her wealth, from a prisoner committed from that part of the State, and resolved to leave the county soon after they got their liberty. They were released late in May, and the murder followed early in the following month. Houser was arrested on the strength of the above statements, and the chain of evidence upon which no jury of reasonable men could fail to convict.

Buser was for many years a resident of Duquesne borough, and was a Bohemian by occupation. He also served for some time as a borough constable under Burgess Buhoup. He was married, but had no children as far as we have been able to ascertain. His wife left Allegheny some time since, and her whereabouts is now unknown. Buser seems to have maintained a fair reputation until some time in October, 1864, when in company with Houser, was detected by officers McAvely and McKain, while in the act of entering the clothing store of

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 21, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Notice is hereby given that hereafter all TRANSIENT advertisements received at this office must be paid for when handed in, except in the case of yearly advertisers, whose bills will be rendered quarterly, as usual. Advertisers will please make a note of this, as the rule of cash payments for advertisements of the character stated, will be inflexibly enforced.

The price of our paper is THREE CENTS at the counter or from newsboys. Served by carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week.

EMANCIPATION CELEBRATION AT WASHINGTON.

On the 19th inst two regiments troops and various civic associations, composed entirely of black people, assembled in front of the Executive Mansion, and were addressed by the President of the United States. The event is memorable and significant in several aspects. It is worthy of note from the presence of colored troops. Not that black soldiers were unknown in the earlier history of the republic. In the war of Independence black men served in the ranks, side by side, with white men. In the second war with Great Britain black regiments were organized, and served with such efficiency and success as to elicit the hearty commendation of Gen ANDREW JACKSON. But, afterwards, a great change came over the ideas and temper of our people. The blacks were depressed to a much lower position than they had previously occupied. A deep contempt was cherished for them, and they were excluded from those recognitions they were entitled to claim, simply as human beings, under the most unmitigated despotisms. Five years ago a crowd of colored people, assembled at or near the Presidential Mansion, and especially, under circumstances warranting a suspicion they were looking never so remotely to the attainment of political privileges, would have been summarily dispersed by the police.

In some points much that is admirable appears in the tone and manner of the President towards these people. He seems equally removed from a patronizing condescension and a haughty arrogance. He addressed them substantially as he would have addressed a company of white men. Indeed, we think his address, in point of style and temper, a decided improvement on his recent addresses to white audiences. There is no trace of slang in these utterances.

The President referred with an honest pride to some passages of his eventful career as furnishing proof of his desire that black people, as well as white, should enjoy the blessings of freedom. He could have gone much further than he did without violating any of the proprieties either of his official position or of the immediate occasion. Had he pleased, he could have rehearsed those grand promises he made to the black men of Tennessee, that he would be their Moses, and lead them on to the full enjoyment of all the rights of citizenship. Indeed, if his purpose remained unchanged, here was a chance wasted; an opportunity unimproved.

And this leads us to say that the President's speech is more remarkable for what it does not contain than for what it does. Before him stood the representatives of four and a half millions of people, who had never produced a copperhead or a traitor, who had evinced an unsuspected loyalty, an unflinching devotion, a marvellous patience, and a high order of courage. What they wanted most to hear was if the reasonable hopes dashed by the veto of the Freedmen's Bureau Bill and the Civil Rights Bill might be again enkindled. On this head, not a word was vouchsafed. There was only an ominous omission. Of what avail was it, in stately generalities, to tell these eager people, that the man who vetoed those bills was more their friend than the men who passed them through the Houses?

Still, the gratifying facts stands in the history of this generation that caste has so far lost its force that black men can approach the head of the government, pay their respects in the usual popular form to the Constitution and the Laws, and be ceremoniously thanked for the compliment they tendered. The world does move.

OUR REPUBLICAN FRIENDS in Allegheny always staunch and true, spoke out very firmly and decidedly, on Thursday night, on the attempt to displace the Collector of the 23d district and the Postmaster in Allegheny City, for opinion's sake. There can be no mistake as to the minds of the people of that district on that subject.

The resolutions characterize the new appointee to the Collectorship as a man of "facile principles." No description could be more comprehensive and true than this. Ex-Gov. JOHNSTON, when he left office as Governor in 1851, stood almost at the top of the heap, as a progressive, in the Whig party; but he lost that position altogether by his course in the Whig National Convention in 1852, in framing and pressing to adoption the pro-slavery platform, which was much more pro-slavery as it came from his hands than it was when adopted, and which proved the death of that party. He next gravitated into the Know-Nothing party, which he helped to break up, in turn, in 1856, and then joined the Republican organization, but he could not, even then, withhold his hand from factiousness and disorganization, for although he supported FREMONT, he insisted upon running on the same ticket with him as a candidate for Vice President, and got a miserable handful of politicians to put him in nomination for that place. Nothing came of his disorganizing movement, because the man was now too weak to work much mischief, but he persisted in considering himself a candidate for the Vice Presidency up to the night of the election. The records of the Electoral Colleges, however, do not show that he received any votes for that office.

In 1864 he was so thorough a Radical that he could not conscientiously support Mr. LINCOLN or Mr. JOHNSON, both of whom were too Conservative for him. He accordingly sided in getting up the Cleveland Convention, which nominated FREMONT and COCHRANE as candidates in opposition to the Republican nominees. We believe our neighbor of the *Commercial* was somewhat inclined in the same direction; but its heart was so thoroughly sickened by the fact that that Convention passed by Gov. JOHNSTON in selecting its candidate for the Vice Presidency, that it was saved from lapsing into absolute heresy; but the ex-Governor continued to hold on to the Cleveland nominees as long as their flag fluttered; at least he never openly withdrew his fellowship from them.

Up to within a short time of the present Governor JOHNSTON has been classed as an opponent of the President's policy. It was only when the President discerned the eminent fitness which has slumbered without recognition since 1852 that he discovered how thoroughly he and the President were in accord, and how imperatively consistency required him to maintain in 1866 the pro-slavery doctrines he enunciated in 1852. He would fain wipe out, as with a sponge, all that has intervened between the two periods; but the people have memories, if he has not; and hence, when they speak, they sum up their recollection of him in the happy phrase which justly stigmatizes him as a politician of "facile principles."

THE common expectation was that Mr McDOUGALL, of California, would be expelled from the Senate on Thursday last, for habitual drunkenness, and for his late inexcusable abuse of his colleague, Mr CONNESS, while in a state of inebriety. Instead of this, after having made a personal apology to Mr. CONNESS, he was allowed to retain his seat upon apologizing to the Senate.

That intoxicating liquors are drank more freely at Washington than they ought to be, is a fact of general notoriety. The same may be said of every other town and hamlet in the country. That some members of the Executive Government and of Congress drink more than is for their personal good, and than helps their public usefulness, must be admitted. Like facts exist in private life.

An apprehension exists in certain circles that public men are more addicted to the excessive use of spirituous drinks than men in the private spheres of life. This is a mistake. The great majority of men in high political stations are neither drunkards nor debauchers. Many of them, like the late lamented DICKINSON and FOOTE, are models of all the social virtues and excellencies. But public men stand, so to speak, on pedestals, where they encounter universal observation. What blemishes they have are noted, and talked about; and the faults of the few are unjustifiably transferred to the many. There has been vastly too much of this. It is high time proper discrimination was made, and Congress ought to set an example in this regard by expelling any member who violates the decencies of life.

BUTLER COUNTY.—The Republican primary meetings will be held on the 9th of June. Who shall be the candidates will be decided by an election, in which only Republicans will be allowed to participate. Candidates for Congress, Assembly, Associate Judges, Prothonotary, Register and Recorder, Clerk of the Court, Commissioner, Coroner and Auditor, are to be selected.

THE gentleman from Ireland who edits the *Post* talks about our discussion of loyal questions as "squatter impudence!" Where did he come from, that he should attempt to stigmatize any one else as a squatter?

POLITICAL.

THE PRESIDENT ON PATRONAGE.—The Washington correspondent of a Chicago paper contains the following:

"A few evenings ago, in the course of free and easy conversation with some convivial "conservative" companions, the President said the Republican papers were calling him John Tyler No. 2, and denouncing him for betraying his party. He said that it was not true that he was following in the footsteps of Tyler, in one respect at least. When Tyler broke with his party, he commenced turning Whigs out of office and filling the vacancies with Democrats. The result was that in a short time he had given all his offices away and lost his power. He had only as many friends as he had offices to bestow. The Whigs ejected were ever after bitter and active enemies, and fought him to death. 'Look up there at those pigeon holes,' said Johnson. 'They are filled with the 'papers' of office seekers. For some of the vacant places there are a score or more of competitors; for hundreds of offices not vacant there are lots of applicants, who pledge themselves to sustain 'my policy,' and swear they are 'Johnson men' up to the handle. So, my friends, you readily perceive that the course I am pursuing secures me as many 'friends' as there are applicants for office. And this policy works admirably in another respect. It shuts the mouths of all the Republican holding office, as they are afraid to open their heads in opposition to me least their heads may roll in the basket. Now, if I should turn those men out they would all fight me like tigers, and these warm and enthusiastic hosts of 'friends,' now begging for crumbs of patronage would cool down to zero the moment I should dispose of the offices. Hence, you see, gentlemen that I am not following in the footsteps of John Tyler, so far as the dispensing power is concerned. John was a fool; he did not understand human nature and the springs of action. I profess to be a politician who have studied the nature of office seekers to some purpose."

THE Nashville *Banner*, edited by two ex-rebels, one of whom was in the rebel army, while the other edited a rebel paper, during the late civil war, says:

"But in honest truth, the great majority of the so called Union or loyal men of the South were the merest trash that could be collected in a civilized community, of no personal credit or social respectability."

James L. Petigru, John M Botts, Edward Bates, Horace Maynard, George H Thomas, Andrew Johnson, George W. Summers, were found in this "low trash" company.

VALLANDIGHAM called on Thad. Stevens recently, and in course of conversation stated that if the President did not immediately begin to appoint Democrats to office he could not retain the adherence of a single Democrat three weeks longer.

THOMAS NOEL, who betrayed the Republican constituency that elected him and went over to the Democrats, has announced himself as an Independent candidate in the Third Missouri District.

SOME of the Republican Senators and Congressmen talk of a perpetual session as a means of checking the alleged injudicious appointments and policy which the President may see fit to adopt when Congress adjourns.

IN order to make every possible preparation to meet the expected visit of the cholera during the coming summer, Dr. Caleb W. Horner, chief medical officer of the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen, &c., has directed the chief surgeons of districts to execute at once a careful inspection of all relief establishments and quarters occupied by dependent refugees and freedmen under their jurisdiction, and to perfect such sanitary regulations as may be deemed necessary to guard, as far as possible, against the occurrence of cholera or other epidemic diseases; and to meet any extraordinary demands which may arise therefrom, he has directed the medical department of the bureau to be at all times in readiness.

THE corner-stone of the monument to be erected over the grave of Stephen A. Douglas will be laid some time during the month of May or June, and the trustees having the matter in charge have invited Wm. H Seward, Secretary of State, to be the orator of the occasion. In reply, Secretary Seward writes: "I may inform you that I should consider it an agreeable duty to accept this invitation, which does not exaggerate the regard in which I hold the memory of Stephen A. Douglas. The last of his days in Washington were employed in consultation with President Lincoln and myself in organizing the resistance to disunion."

AT Memphis, recently, several negroes have been prosecuted in the Criminal Court for keeping tippling and billiard saloons, in violation of the State laws, and their attorneys plead the Civil Rights bill in abatement. Judge Hunter has since rendered his decision in these cases. He holds that the Civil Rights bill is the supreme law of the land, all State laws to the contrary notwithstanding, and gave judgment accordingly in favor of the defendants. The Attorney General has signified his intention of carrying the cases to the higher courts.

THE prospects for a fruit crop in this vicinity this season are said to be favorable. The backwardness of Spring has kept the buds in a condition not to be affected by the changing weather.—*Lebanon Courier.*

PERSONAL ITEMS.

GEN. GRANT had a recent conversation with Rev. Geo. Hepworth, of Boston, and of General Sherman "Sherman is a man to be proud of. He is impetuous, he is fault!, but he knows his own fault as soon as any man." And of Sheridan, he said "He is the best man in America. He has no fear. He can wield any force. He is a pure-hearted, simple-minded and truly noble man." And of himself, he said "There were a thousand others who could have done the thing as well as I. I am thankful to God that He helped me to do the work, but had I not been living, or had the Government passed over me, there are other men who would have won the victory for you."

THE Boston *Transcript* says "Mr. Charles F. Brough, Artemus Ward, has received an offer of $20,000 (in gold) and his ordinary expenses for a lecturing tour in England of six months. As Mr. Ward's purpose is to improve the people, and money is no object to him, those who know him say he will decline the offer. He intends, however, to visit England soon, to spend some of the money he earned in his recent tour through the Southern Confederacy.

A GOOD story is told of Hon Anna, who robbed Rufus Lord, in New York, of $1,500,000. While in charge of an officer of the law, which either approaching Boston or being conveyed from it, on the way to Newburyport, the cars stopped at Beverly. The officer got out of the cars, and had proceeded a short distance, when Hod also alighted and gave chase to the official, fearing he might give him the slip.

THE congregation of the Broadway, N. Y., Tabernacle, have taken occasion, on the 21st anniversary of the settlement of its pastor, Rev. J. P. Thompson, to increase his salary to $6,000 a year, vote him a leave of absence to go to Europe, continue his salary and supply the pulpit while he is away and give him $5,000 to pay the expenses of himself and family abroad.

THOMAS M. PETERS, aged 25, son of Dr. Peters, who killed Gen. Van Dorn, committed suicide in Memphis last Monday, by shooting himself. He left a long letter alluding to his family troubles. He was perhaps deranged, and had dressed himself up in Confederate uniform.

MR ROBERT MAYO's estate, known as Powhatan, on James river, near Richmond, and where, according to oldtime tradition, John Smith's life was saved by the fair Pocahontas, is said to have been sold to Col North, of Massachusetts, for $40,000.

BELLSTADT has sold his "Storm in the Rocky Mountains" to an English purchaser for twenty thousand dollars. Mr. A. T. Stewart making an offer of thirty thousand just too late to secure it.

THE widow of Rev F Starr King was married in New York last week to Mr Norris, a rich steamboatman of San Francisco, and an intimate friend of her husband.

GENERAL FORREST, who recently killed one of his plantation hands, has been held for trial in Sunflower county, Mississippi, under bonds of ten thousand dollars.

Miss MELISSA WARE, of Pittston, Me., is having an examination in Gardiner, before the United States Commissioner, on a charge of robbing the mails.

S. B. T. CALDWELL, aged seventy-six, formerly editor of the Leesburg (Va.) *Genius of Liberty*, died last week.

GENERAL NEWS.

A FINNISH miscreant named Payne, residing near Mt. Pleasant, Atchison county, Kansas, on Monday of last week, attempted to poison his own family and that of his employer, Hon. John Kane, by mingling arsenic in the milk used by both families. Mr. Kane had two of his own children partook of the milk and were soon violently attacked with vomiting. Antidotes being administered the children were soon relieved, but Mr. Kane remained in a precarious condition. Payne was a tenant of Mr. Kane, had a bad reputation, and, having had a quarrel with his wife, attempted this wholesale poisoning by way of gratifying his malice. He had fled, but measures were being taken to secure his arrest.

A SAD accident occurred at Dundas, Minnesota, Friday evening. Five men undertook to cross Cannon river at that place in a boat, when the ice formed their little craft down the river with great rapidity, turning it over when a distance below. Mr. Taylor, a railroad man, and Mr. Hardy, a miller, both living in Dundas, were drowned. The other three men succeeded in getting ashore over broken ice with great difficulty. Their bodies had not been recovered at last account.

THE Nashville *Union* recently indulged in some criticism of the Senators in Congress who received bouquets of flowers from the colored women of Washington, upon the passage of the Civil Rights bill, whereupon the Nashville *Dispatch* neatly retorts that such ridicule is inconsistent in a paper which supported Colonel Richard M. Johnson, who was the husband of two negro women and the father of several mulatto children, for the Vice Presidency.

THE Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company has commenced the construction at Grafton, West Virginia, of an immense engine house. The new building is designed to hold at least sixteen engines, and will be provided with the necessary accommodations for workmen, machinery, &c. This is certainly an evidence of prosperity and enterprise on the part of the company which it affords us great pleasure to record.

ARTHUR SHELTON, a young man employed in the Lafayette (Ind.) postoffice, has been examined on a charge of mail robbery, and held in $1,000 to appear at the next term of the United States Court. Shelton is a young man of excellent family, and a few weeks ago was married to the daughter of a prominent physician of Lafayette.

CHICAGO, April 17th. Last evening a bold robber walked up to the shop window of Wiggins, Bradford & Co. who keep a pawnbroker's office on Madison street, and smashing a large pane of glass, seized a package containing $1,200 in greenbacks, and made his escape in spite of the pursuit of citizens and officers.

FRUIT PROSPECTS IN NEW ENGLAND.—The trees in Massachusetts and New Hampshire are looking well. Twigs and buds are plump, and promise blossoms. The winter seems to have been favorable to trees. None are gnawed by mice or broken by heavy snows.

CAMP Dennison, near Cincinnati, has been laid out as a village, and the first sale of lots took place on the 18th. Many of the Government buildings remain standing, and will be converted into cottages.

GEN. CANBY, at New Orleans, has issued an order explanatory of the President's proclamation. He says it does not suspend martial law, or suits already before military courts.

THE overland mail coach which arrived at Atchison, Kansas, on Wednesday evening, brought in eighteen passengers. Its way bill exceeded $5,000.

THE revenue of the English established Church is annually $300,000,000. There are twenty thousand clergymen.

A RECENT census of Columbus makes the population over 30,000.

RELIGIOUS.

☞ **FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH,** ALLEGHENY CITY, ELSON HALL, corner of Federal and Lacock streets. Pastor, JOSEPH KING. Services M. 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Prayer Meeting on WEDNESDAY EVENING at 7½ o'clock. apr21

☞ **RELIGIOUS SERVICES.**—Preaching in the FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH by the Pastor, REV. JAMES S. DICKERSON, every LORD'S DAY at 10½ o'clock, a. m. and 7½ p. m. Strangers and the public are cordially invited to attend. Seats free. apr14:tf

LECTURE.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY LECTURES.

MISS ANNIE E. DICKINSON

WILL SPEAK AT

CITY HALL,

Monday Evening, April 23.

SUBJECT—"THE SITUATION."

Doors open at 1 o'clock. Lecture commences at 7½ o'clock. Single tickets 50c. Secured seats 75c. Extra. Seats may be secured at City Hall, MONDAY, commencing at 8 o'clock, A. M. As this will be THE LAST LECTURE of the Course, ALL tickets will be taken up at the door.

THOMAS BAKEWELL, JR.,
W. B. EDWARDS,
O. McCLINTOCK,
JAMES J. DONNELL,
R. L. CALDWELL,
R. C. ALBREE,
Lecture Committee.

apr19

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

The undersigned, Commissioners named in the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to Incorporate

THE PITTSBURGH GAS SAVINGS COMPANY"

Approved the 17th day of April, A. D. 1866, will open Books and receive subscriptions to the Capital Stock of said Company at the office of the CASH INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 57 Fourth street, Pittsburgh,

ON THE 21ST DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1866,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

WILLIAM PHILLIPS,
JAMES O'CONNOR,
ANDREW GOLDSMITH,
R. BIDDLE ROBERTS,
W. K. NIMICK,
THOMAS SMITH. } Commissioners

apr21:tmd

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF DRAYS, HACKS, &c.—Notice is hereby given to all owners of Drays, Carts, Carriages, Buggies, &c., whether used or not, within the City of Pittsburgh, to pay their Licenses at the Treasurer's office of the city of Pittsburgh, FORTHWITH, in accordance with an Act of Assembly, approved March 30, 1866, and an Ordinance of the Councils of the city of Pittsburgh, passed April 16, 1866, and all persons who neglect or refuse to take out Licenses will be subject to a penalty, to be recovered before the Mayor, double the amount of the License.

The old metal plates of previous years must be returned at the time Licenses are taken out, or pay 25 cents therefor.

RATES OF LICENSE:

Each One Horse Vehicle	$ 7 50
Each Two Horse Vehicle	12 00
Each Four Horse Vehicle	15 00
Each Two Horse Hack	15 00

Manufacturers of Hacks, Drays or Wagons, drawn by two horses, $5 in each. For each additional horse used in any of the above vehicles, $5 00.

W. EICHBAUM, City Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH, February 5th 1866.—feb5:mdavld

COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE, {
PITTSBURGH, April 21, 1866. {

IN PURSUANCE of the 21st Section of an Act relating to Allegheny County, approved the 1st day of May, 1861, and of the Amendment to said Section, approved the 30th day of March, 1866, I, DAVID ARMSTRONG, Jr., Treasurer of said county, hereby give notice that the Duplicates of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships will be open, and will be prepared to receive the County, State, Poor and Work-House Taxes for 1866, on and after the FIRST DAY OF MAY, 1866, said Taxes can be paid at the Treasurer's office until the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST with a deduction of TWO PER CENT for prompt payment to any person paying the whole amount of their taxes. There will be no deduction allowed on Taxes paid during the month of August. There will be TEN PER CENT ADDED to all taxes remaining unpaid on the first of September. apr20:mod

NOTICE.—The undersigned, Commissioners named in the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to Incorporate the

ENTERPRISE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH,"

Approved the 27th day of March, A. D., 1866, will open Books and receive subscriptions to the Capital Stock of said Company on the

19th Day of May, A. D., 1866,

At 10 o'clock A. M. at the FOURTH NATIONAL BANK, corner of Fourth and Ferry streets.

JAMES O'CONNOR,
WILLIAM PHILLIPS,
WILLIAM BAGALEY,
C. W. RICKETSON,
JAMES REDMAN,
R. BIDDLE ROBERTS, } Commissioners

apr19:tmd

RECORDING REGISTER'S OFFICE, {
PITTSBURGH, April 20th, 1866. {

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Proposals for the Grading, Paving and Setting with Curb Stones, Liverpool Stone Gutters, Redick street and Webster street, between Boquet street and Webster street, will be received in this office, in the Market House building, on the 2d DAY OF APRIL, 1866.

CHARLES REICHENBACH, Recording Register.

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK, {
PITTSBURGH, March 28th, 1866. {

THE NOTES OF THE CRAWFORD COUNTY BANK, Meadville CRAWFORD COUNTY BANK, Erie, and ERIE BANK, Erie, and the TIOGA COUNTY BANK, Tioga Co., will not hereafter be redeemed at this bank.

GEO. T. VAN HORN, Cashier.

NOTICE.—There are two Oil Plats "Alpha" and "Right No. 2," also one FLAT in Petroleum Bottom, each two feet four inches deep, now lying at the Allegheny Wharf, below the suspension Bridge, the owners of which are requested to prove property, pay charges and take them away or they will be sold according to law. apr16:tf D. DAVIS, Wharf Master.

POLITICAL.

UNION REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.—The Union Republican voters of Allegheny County, are requested to meet at the usual places for holding elections, in the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships on SATURDAY, MAY 26TH, and elect two delegates from each election district, to a County Convention, to be held on MONDAY, MAY 28TH, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of nominating a County ticket, and transacting such other business as may be properly brought before it.

The Republican voters of that portion of Allegheny county lying in the 23d Congressional District, will, at the same time and places, elect two delegates from each election district, to meet in Convention, at the Hall, Allegheny, on TUESDAY, MAY 29TH, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of nominating a candidate for congress in said district.

The primary elections in the townships will be held between the hours of four and six o'clock, and in the cities and boroughs between the hours of four and seven o'clock P. M. In the cities and boroughs the elections shall be by ballot, and in the townships viva voce.

By order of the committee.

WM. ANDERSON, Secretary.
R. W. HUBBARD, } apr16:td

☞ **FOR ASSEMBLY,**

MAJ. GEN. J. B. KIDDOO,

Formerly of the 63d and 105th Pa. Vols., and 6th and 21st U. S. Reserved Troops, and wounded severely in front of Richmond, June 1st, 1864. Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. apr21:td

☞ **FOR ASSEMBLY,**

THE FRIENDS OF

HON. GEORGE WILSON,

Of Penn Township, will present his name as a candidate for Assembly, at the next Union Republican County Convention.

apr21:td PITT TOWNSHIP.

☞ **CONGRESS, 22d DISTRICT.**

HON. J. K. MOORHEAD

Having placed himself at the disposal of his friends, in response to their call made on this, his name is now presented as a candidate for Congress, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. apr16

☞ **CONGRESS.**

GENERAL JAS. S. NEGLEY

IS A CANDIDATE IN THE 22D DISTRICT. apr16:tmd

☞ **CONGRESS.—The Friends of HON. JOHN P. PENNEY**

Will present his name to the Convention of the Union party, for nomination as a candidate for Congress, in the 22d District. apr16:td

☞ **FOR SHERIFF,**

SAMUEL B. CLULEY,

Subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. apr21:td&wtf

☞ **FOR SHERIFF,**

CHARLES BARNES,

Late Colonel Sixth Reg. Pa. Heavy Artillery and Rear Brig. Gen. U. S. V., subject to the action of the Union Convention. apr21:td&wtf

☞ **FOR SHERIFF,**

JOSEPH ROSS,

Of the First Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. apr21:td

☞ **FOR SHERIFF,**

GEN. S. B. M. YOUNG,

Late Colonel Fourth Pennsylvania Cavalry apr21:td

☞ **FOR SHERIFF,**

COL. JAMES M'K. SNODGRASS,

Of Sewickesport, late of the 9th Pa. Reserves, will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the ensuing County Convention. apr21:td

☞ **COUNTY COMMISSIONER,**

GEORGE HAMILTON,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. apr21:td

☞ **COUNTY COMMISSIONER,**

CHARLES PUGH,

Of Manchester, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. apr21:td&wtf

☞ **CLERK OF THE COURTS,**

JOHN G. BROWN,

Of Hampton Township, late Private Co. H, 105th Reg't Penn'a Vols. apr21:td

☞ **FOR CLERK OF COURTS,**

JOSEPH BROWNE,

Late of 102d Pennsylvania Volunteers and 5th Pennsylvania Artillery. Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. apr21:td

☞ **FOR CLERK OF COURTS,**

DR. WILLIAM J. GILMORE,

Of Upper St. Clair Township. apr21:d&wtf

☞ **FOR REGISTER,**

JOSEPH H. GRAY,

Of Penn Township, late of Co. F, 105th Pa. Reg't, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. apr21:td

☞ **FOR REGISTER,**

R. D. HUMES,

Of Tarentum Borough, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. apr21:td

☞ **FOR RECORDER,**

J. B. COPELAND,

Of Elizabeth Township, will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the decision of the next Union Republican County Convention. apr21:td

DENTISTRY.

JOSEPH ADAMS, Dentist, Connelly's Building, corner of DIAMOND and GRANT streets, Pittsburgh. REFERENCES: Dr. A. M. Pollock, Dr. Halleck, Dr. Goodrich, Robbins, Moore & Kreutz.

WANTED.

WANTED—An intelligent Office Boy. Inquire of SMITH & KING, 423 Penn street. apr21

WANTED—A good Gardener; constant employment. Call at No. 164 Fourth street. apr21

WANTED—Canvassers for the UNITED STATES LIFE AND ANNUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES. SMITH & KING, Agents, 423 Fifth street. apr21

WANTED—A first-class Blacksmith at once. Good wages and steady employment at good wages. Apply to H. BERDEN, Warren, Ohio. apr21:td

WANTED—Good Agents to sell SHERMAN AND HIS CAMPAIGNS, GRANT AND HIS CAMPAIGNS, (the latter just out), CHILD'S PRAYER, FIRST LESSON, sketch pictures, and THE AMERICAN INVENTORS. These are all new Books and Engraving, and agents can do better with them than with any other offered to the public. For full particulars apply to or address ASHER ELLIS, 25 Third street, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh31:tyd&wkw

WANTED.—$1,500 PER YEAR! We want AGENTS everywhere to sell our IMPROVED TWENTY DOLLAR SEWING MACHINES, three new kinds, under our super feed, warranted five years. Above salary or large commission paid. The ONLY Machine sold in United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co. and Excelsior.* All other cheap Machines are infringements. Circulars free. Address or call upon SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine. dec9:ly&wkp

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A good Route on the GAZETTE. Enquire at 715 Penn street, Fifth Ward. apr19:tf

FOR SALE—FLOUR AND PRODUCE BUSINESS, of seventeen years standing, in a good location in the city. A fine opportunity is offered to any person wishing to engage in the Produce business. All communications strictly confidential. Address P. O. 780, Pittsburgh. mh22:tf

FOR SALE—IOWA LAND—$2,000 ABOUT FOUR HUNDRED AND THIRTY ACRES OF LAND, situated near Webster City, Hamilton county, Iowa, on the line of the Pacific Railroad, is offered for sale at $5 TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS, cash. Address "OWNER," GAZETTE OFFICE. apr6:tf

FOR SALE—A Valuable Country Residence at Edgewood Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, one and a half miles from Wilkinsburg. Eleven acres 186 perches of land, a fine new Dwelling containing ten rooms and cellar underneath; Fruit and other conveniences in the premises. For further information, call at No. 106 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, or on the premises. J. S. ERG. mo:dtf

FOR SALE,

200 bbls. White Lime
100 " Calcined Plaster
100 " Land Plaster
100 " Hydraulic Cement
100 " Roseudale Cement.

At 310 Liberty street. W. W. WALLACE. apr6:wd

FOR SALE—THE PRACTICAL ENGINEER, by John Wallace, second edition, enlarged and improved. About one half of this edition has already been sold. Every Engineer or mechanic who owns or runs a Steam Engine should have a copy. It only needs to be read to be appreciated. All orders should be addressed to the PUBLISHERS' OFFICE, Pittsburgh, Pa. will be promptly attended to. Price per copy $5 00. W. WALLACE. apr6:wd

FOR SALE ON THE BIG SANDY RIVER.—I offer for sale the MINERAL RIGHT OF NINE HUNDRED ACRES, situated in and on the Tanks on Little Sandy, Pearl Neck and Big Sandy. The COAL is in abundance, and of good quality. The veins are from FOUR TO SEVEN FEET THICK. Persons wishing to purchase will call at the Exchange House, Ashland, Ky. Terms cheap and reasonable. Address THOMAS RUSSELL, Ashland, Kentucky. apr6:wd

FOR SALE—A Portable Double CIRCULAR SAW MILL, with one Engine and Boiler, made by Lane and Bodley, of Cincinnati, in good order. One 5 inched diameter upper saw 36 inches, with cross-cut Saw Shafting and all appurtenances, three 7 inch Barrel Saws, for cutting staves, made by Whitney, of Worcester, Mass. The above Machinery has been used in the lumber region but a short time and is in perfect order. Address the PENNA. SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, National, Pa. apr6:2wd

FOR SALE, ASHLAND HOUSE, ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. The Furniture, Fixtures, Good Will and Lease of the above well-known House. Parties wishing to purchase, will call on or address BARKER & FARLEY, Ashland House, Philadelphia. apr6:tf

FOR SALE, LARGE LOT. The First Reformed Presbyterian Congregation of Pittsburgh, (Dr. DOUGLAS, Pastor,) offer for sale their property located on the corner of Penn and Cherry alleys, and fronting 20 feet from Liberty street. The lot is 120 feet by 185 feet, on which are the Church Building and a Session House of 4 rooms. Inquiries may be made of, or communications addressed to THOS. SMITH, actg. Fourth National Bank, or to R. C. MILLER, 135 Third street. apr6:tf

FOR RENT.

TO LET—A Dwelling House with garden, parlor, dining room, kitchen, warm house, nine chambers and bath room, a large yard front and rear, situate in a fashionable and pleasant part of Allegheny City. The advertiser wishes to reserve two chambers and one parlor, and will rent two children board in the house. Will furnish his own room, and other rooms if necessary. For a respectable family. Favorable terms will be given. Address "DWELLING," GAZETTE Office, or Pittsburgh Postoffice. apr6:tf

TO LET—A Three-Story Brick Warehouse, situated No. 87 Water street, corner Redoubt alley, and running through to First street, the same having been lately occupied for a warehouse by JOHN BRYAN & SON, Wholesale Druggists. Apply to TUTTLE & SMITH, at Nos. 59 and 60 Water street. apr21:tf

FOR RENT—The Lot on the corner of Market and Allegheny streets, with Warehouse, formerly occupied by Messrs. Reineman & Co. The lot has 16 feet front by 100 feet deep to an alley. Will be let for five or ten years. Apply to WM. H. FAGELSON, at No. 84 Fifth street, second floor. mh31:tf

FOR RENT—A Country Seat, containing 11 acres of rich building land, two story Brick Dwelling, Barn, Stable, Orchard, Spring and Spring House, Fruit, &c., &c. Situate on Ridge, opposite J. Knox's Farm, Lawrenceville. Apply to E. McLAIN & CO. apr21:tf

AUCTION SALES.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT AUCTION.—Will be sold on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, April 24th, at 5 o'clock, on the premises,

Fourteen Desirable Building Lots,

Situated on Duquesne Way and Avon streets, described as follows: Three Lots on the corner of Duquesne Way and Avon street, fronting on Duquesne Way 20 feet, extending back respectively 81, 84 and 86 feet. Eleven Lots fronting on Irwin street, each on having a front of 20 feet, extending back 86 feet, being a plan of lots laid out by Joshua Rhoden, Esq. TERMS—One third cash, balance in one and two years, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage. $5 cash to be paid on each lot when purchased. Possession immediately. For particulars, call on or address the undersigned, at the Brewery, on Liberty street. apr20 P. A. McCLELLAND, Auctioneer.

GREAT AUCTION SALE OF HALF ACRE LOTS AT COLLINS PARK, EAST LIBERTY.—MONDAY AFTERNOON, April 23d, at 5 o'clock, will be sold, on the premises, the remaining Beautifully located Half Acre Lots, sub-divided from Collins Park, East Liberty. These Lots are handsomely situated in the finest situation. A FREE EXCURSION TRAIN will leave the Penna. Depot at 2 o'clock, for the conveyance of parties and gentlemen to and from the sale. TERMS—One third cash, balance in one and two years, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage. $5 cash to be paid on each lot when purchased. apr19 A. McILWAINE, Auct.

104 PENN STREET HOUSE AND LOT—TUESDAY EVENING, April 24th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold at the Commercial sale Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, the three-story brick Dwelling, No. 104 Penn street, between Hay street and Cherry alley. The lot is 21 feet and 11½ feet in depth to an alley. The house is well finished and in excellent condition; marble mantles, gas fixtures, bath room and water closet. TERMS—One third cash, balance in one and two years, with interest. Possession given to the purchaser. apr19 A. McILWAINE, Auct.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR WATER PIPE.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, {
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, April 12, 1866. {

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office, until MONDAY EVENING, April 30th, 1866, for 8,000 FEET FOUR INCH and 300 FEET of THREE INCH WATER PIPE, to be hydrostatic proof capable of standing a pressure of 200 pounds to the square inch. The right is reserved to take only half of the above, or 4,000 feet of 4 inch and 150 feet of 3 inch, if wanted for immediate use, the balance to be delivered at such time and place as the Superintendent of the Water Works may indicate. Bids will be received for all or any portion of the above. R. E. RANKIN, City Controller. apr21:td&th

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF LIMESTONE.—The Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company will receive proposals for the supply of

20,000 Tons of Limestone,

of not less than NINETY-FOUR PER CENT. PURITY, to be delivered on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, opposite the company's Works, or at the junction of said road with the Western Pa. R. R. of the Kittanning river. Cars to be furnished by the contractor. Not less than 50 nor more than 100 tons to be delivered per day.

Samples of the limestone and proposals can be forwarded by Express, marked "Penna. Salt Manufacturing Co., " Natrona, Allegheny Co., Pa. mh31:10d

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—Having this day associated with me my son, W. H. FRANCE, we will continue the GROCERY and TEA BUSINESS, at the old stand, No. 51 FEDERAL STREET, under the style of WILLIAM FRANCE & SON, and would respectfully solicit for the new firm a continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon himself.

WILLIAM FRANCE.

ALLEGHENY CITY, April 2d, 1866. apr21:2wd

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—We have this day associated with us as partner and General Manager of the Foundry and Machine business, Mr. JAMES NELSON, late from England. JAMES NELSON, formerly of the well known firm of J. Nelson & Co., and Stackhouse & Nelson, of this city. HUGH M. BOLE. HUNTER ORR.

PITTSBURGH, April 1st, 1866.—apr6:tmd

SODA ASH.

SODA ASH.

CHOICE BRANDS,

In quantities to suit purchasers, for sale

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 21, 1866.

ADVERTISING RATES
Established by the Press of Pittsburgh

STANDING MATTER.

One Square of Ten Lines, Eight Words to the Line, or 3-4 Inch Space.

TIME.	Daily.	1 w. a week	2 w. a week	1 m. a week
One time	75			
Two times	1 25			
Three times	1 75			
Four times	2 25			
Five times	2 60			
Six times, one week	3 00	2 00	1 50	1 00
Seven times	3 40			
Eight times	3 75			
Nine times	4 10			
Ten times	4 50			
Eleven times	4 75			
Twelve times, 2 weeks	5 00	3 25	2 50	1 75
Three weeks	7 00	5 00	3 50	2 50
One month	9 00	6 00	4 50	3 00
Two months	15 00	10 00	7 50	5 00
Three months	18 00	12 00	9 00	6 00
Six months	30 00	21 00	15 00	11 00
One year	54 00	36 00	27 00	18 00

CHANGEABLE ONCE A WEEK.

One month	11 00	7 00	5 50	4 00
Two months	17 00	11 50	8 50	5 75
Three months	24 00	16 00	12 00	8 00
Six months	42 00	28 00	21 00	14 00
One year	72 00	48 00	36 00	24 0

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

The meeting of the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church *South*, now in session at New Orleans, is not of so much importance in itself to us of the North, as to note the manner in which its members discuss some of the *live* questions of the day. Immediately after the usual opening religious exercises, Bishop Andrew delivered an address, in which he advised the members to be cautious in their deliberations. They were aware of their relation to "a certain other Church,"—they knew what he meant—they were not political preachers. It will be remembered by many of our readers, that Bishop Andrew was mainly the cause of the division of the M. E. Church in 1844, on the slavery question. When the standing committees were ordered, the *name* of the committee to consider the relation of the Church to its colored membership excited a good deal of discussion. They expressed great friendship for the negro, and wonderful anxiety for his spiritual welfare. Dr. Sehon, the missionary secretary, in his report, spoke of the former success of their missionary work among the colored people, but said nothing about the $60,000 of missionary money which he invested in Confederate bonds. Petitions had been received asking for important changes in the economy of the Church. The "progressive" party desired the appointment of a Committee on Organic Laws; while the "Conservatives" were in favor of refering memorials to the appropriate standing committees. On the third day the delegation of the Baltimore conference—which had recently seceded from the M. E. Church—were presented to the Conference. Two or three of the delegation made speeches in which they expressed their great joy at getting home. The Conference received salutations from the New York East Conference (Northern) asking them to unite in praying for unity of heart of our common country and the union of the different branches of Methodism. The reply, however, limited the prayer to the latter, and tacitly declining any prayer for our national unity of heart. This action shows they need to be "reconstructed." Dr. Deems, who has recently started a Southern paper in New York, called the *Watchman*, offered a resolution to appoint a committee to prepare a paper to set forth the position of the M. E. South toward the Northern Methodist, other branches of Christ's Catholic Church. It produced intense excitement and the doctor was squelched. The feeling seemed to be not to have anything to do with Northern Churches. By a telegram to the *Christian Advocate*, which is several days in advance of our mail reports, we learn that a report has been adopted favoring the extension of the jurisdiction of the Church in every direction, including the North, as opportunities may offer; also that the Committee on Episcopalians report favorably to the election of six additional Bishops.

—It was advertised in a New York daily paper last week, that a grand concert by the artists of the Italian Opera troupe would take place at St. Stephen's Church, (Catholic, we presume,) in that city, on Sunday, 15th,—the proceeds to be devoted to the enlargement of the church. An exhibition of Odell's new organ was announced to take place at Irving Hall on the evening of the same day. Mr. George W. Morgan, the celebrated organist of Grace Episcopal church, and other professional characters, to take part in the performances. The German Republican Committee is called to meet in honor of the memory of Abraham Lincoln, on the Sabbath. All these things tend to destroy the respect of the public mind in the sanctity of the Christian Sabbath. The friends of morality and law and order should be on their guard.

—It is a pity that the family quarrel in the Lutheran Church, represented by the *Observer* party on the one hand, and the other by the *Lutheran and Missionary*, could not be stopped, or at least be kept hid from the public. An article appeared in the latter paper on "Luther's Rings," whereupon the *Observer* comments would it "not be better to seek for some of Luther's piety, than to be sorely perplexed about his rings." The *Lutheran* closes a rejoinder in these words. "We are sure that the ring which went around Luther's little finger, went around more piety than would be inside of a girdle which took in the *Observer's* whole body."

—The *Independent* says that Mr. Cyrus H. McCormick, of Reaping Machine notoriety, we presume, argues that the O. S. Presbyterian Church must rescind its patriotic action during the last five years, and return under the dictation of the Virginia divines, as the only means of the "reunion of our glorious old Presbyterian Church"—at least for the next quarter of a century. It is not likely that the noble stand taken by this body will be rescinded.

—The Grand Jury of Pike county, Mo., has indicted Rev. James Smith, a Baptist minister, for preaching without license. The Grand Jury of Palmyra has found true bills against the following ministers for the same offence: The Rev. Mr. Dunn, of the Episcopal Church; Rev. Mr. Wilkes, of the Christian Church; Rev. Mr. Fuller, of the Presbyterian Church; and Father Crenin, of the Roman Catholic Church.

—Bishop Clarkson, Episcopal Bishop of the North-west, is about to organize an extensive scheme of ministerial and Episcopal visitation, whereby religious seed may be sown in the hearts of every emigrant train passing still further towards the setting sun. Such missionary efforts will doubtless be productive of much substantial good.

—The revival in progress for the past five months in the Emory M. E. church, Philadelphia, has averaged about one hundred conversions per month. At this time between five and six hundred have been converted, and still the work goes on.

—The friends of the Sabbath in this State, indeed everywhere, have cause to rejoice that the persistent and earnest attempts which have been made to secure the abolition of all the Sunday laws in the State have signally failed.

—Most of the Seniors of Andover Seminary have already commenced preaching. Four have decided to enter the foreign mission field, and four will become home missionaries, while one is undecided whether to enter the foreign or home field.

—Among the persons admitted into the Philadelphia M. E. Conference was the Rev. J. J. Pearce, a located minister. Bishop Ames remarked that at one period in Mr. Pearce's life he had served as United States Congressman, but he felt authorized to state, that if admitted, he would not be guilty of such an indiscretion again.

The Pope seems to be again in a bad way, as he has composed a new prayer for the defense of the temporal power, which he has ordered to be read in all Roman Catholic churches.

There are twenty-seven chaplains in the United States navy, of whom eleven are Episcopalians, six Methodists, five Presbyterians, four Baptists, and one Congregationalist.

The revival in the African M. E. church at Cleveland, Ohio, has thus far resulted in the conversion of about two hundred converts.

In 1742 there were 110 non-conformist churches in Wales; in 1866, 3,107.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **AYER'S PILLS Are you Sick,** feeble and complaining? Are you out of order with your health disturbed and uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some foul corruption is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a resolute use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed to health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigor, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and deranges it in various functions. Then, if not relieved, it reacts upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering and derangement. While in this condition, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is the use of suffering in this way, and common complaints also thus in many of the deep rooted and dangerous diseases. The same effect follows. They throw off the obstructions and derangement of the natural functions of the body; they are rapidly and many of them surely cured by them. Now who does not know the virtue of these Pills will neglect to employ them when they are needed? In the following cases such as Headache, Foul Stomach, Dyspepsia, Bilious Complaints, Indigestion, Derangement of the Liver, Costiveness, Piles, Heartburn, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Worms and Suppression, when taken in large doses.

AYER'S CURE,

For the speedy cure of *Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache or Bilious Headache, and Indeed every form of disease* which arises from *disorganizing principle in bilious derangement, caused by the Miasma of miasmatic countries.*

This remedy has rarely failed to cure the severest cases of Chills and Fever, and it has this great advantage over other Ague medicines, that it subdues the disease without injuring the patient. It contains no quinine or other deleterious substance, nor does it produce nausea or any bad effects of whatever kind. Shaking brothers of the army and the west, try it and you will endorse these assertions.

Prepared by J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., and sold by E. A. FARNESTOCK & SON & CO., and by all Druggists.

☞ **RETROUVEY'S TURKISH BANDOLEMAN HAIR TONIC.**

THE PRESERVING AND RESTORER OF THE AGE

TURKISH BANDOLEMAN

RETROUVEY'S TURKISH BANDOLEMAN. What can be more acceptable than anything that will beautify? that will restore nature's decay by stopping the hair from falling out; reducing its rankness; and making it to grow in luxuriance and beauty; assist in putting it, according to the present style and fashion, and keep it in place? This Retrouvey's Turkish Bandoleman *Hair Tonic* will do. And for proof we refer you to any person who has tried it. It is acknowledged to be the beautifier of the age, the only Hair Tonic and Restorer worthy of the name. In Turkey, in Persia, in Bagdad, in America—everywhere where the "Bandoleman" is known, it is pronounced the prime article of Hair Preservations. Remember, it is free from all mineral poisons that are contained in most Hair Colors and Restoratives. It is the extract of many flowers and herbs, beautifully put up, and warranted to be healthy.

For sale by all Druggists and Perfumers, wholesale.

E. E. SELLERS & CO.,
P. L. FARNESTOCK & CO.,
Principal Depot for United States and Canadas.
JAMES PALMER & CO.,
No. 49 Market street,
dec6-3mosAWT Philadelphia.

☞ **LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS**

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS, AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, BEAMED STILL BOTTOMS, SPIKE SPOUTING, &c. Also, importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS MACHINES and TOOLS. Warehouse, No. 18 FIRST and 19 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern.

☞ **PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS,**

HUBBARD, BRO. & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT GROUND CIRCULARS,

Warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description, Mill, Mulay, Cross Cut, Gang, and all other varieties.

All kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS, made from Steel of Superior Extra Refined REAPER AND MOWING KNIVES, &c.

☞ Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SMITHFIELD STREETS, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and straightening Circular Saws; also, repairing of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. apl6:lyd

☞ **WM. BARNHILL & CO.**

Boiler Makers & Sheet Iron Workers,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn street.

Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. CHIMNEY TOPS, CONE AND FIRE BALL, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, ALCOHOL STILLS, WORM STILLS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILER IRON, BRIDGES, SUGAR PANS, and sole manufacturers of BARHILL'S PATENT BOILER. Repairing done on the shortest notice. apr16:1

☞ **ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER,)**

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders & Machinists, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of BOAT AND STATIONERY ENGINES, SAW MILL AND GRIST MILL MACHINERY, GEARING, SHAFTING, CASTINGS of all descriptions, OIL TANKS and STILLS, BOILER AND SHEET IRON WORK.

☞ Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR, for feeding boilers.

☞ **JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.,**

Manufacturers of IRON VAULT AND VAULT DOORS, IRON RAILING, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 91 SECOND and 86 THIRD STREET, between Wood and Market, have on hand a variety of new patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.

☞ Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. apr

☞ **TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS,**

OF BOTH SEXES.—A reverend gentleman having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing the usual routine and irregular expensive mode of treatment without success, considers it his sacred duty to communicate to his afflicted fellow-creatures the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of an addressed envelope, he will send, *free*, a copy of the prescription used.

Direct to Dr. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, N. Y. mh11:lyd&wT

☞ **SENT FREE.—A Pamphlet** of immense importance to the old and young, married and single, of both sexes, will be sent free by addressing with stamp enclosed, the Agents, A. KENDRICK & CO., Box 73, Boston Post Office. mh29:lyd&w

☞ **THE BRIDAL CHAMBER;**

AN ESSAY OF WARNING AND INSTRUCTION FOR YOUNG MEN. Also, new and reliable treatment of the Urinary and Nervous System. Address Dr. J. SHILEN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. ap9:lyd

STEAMSHIPS.

BALTIMORE AND HAVANA STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

ALEX. BROWN & SONS, Gen'l Agents,

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.

Carrying the United States Mail.

The First-Class Steamships of this line will sail as follows:

"CUBA"—1,100 tons, Wm. Rollins, Commander, on SATURDAY, April 28th.

"LIBERTY"—1,250 tons, W. Stafford, Commander, on SATURDAY, May 5th.

From BROWN'S WHARF, FELL'S POINT, at 4 o'clock P. M., precisely, on the days announced.

For Freight or Passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to

HENRY W. WARFIELD & CO., Agents,
16 SPEAR'S WHARF.

N. B.—No Bills of Lading but those of the Company will be signed. Permits for the Cuba to be procured at this office. No freight received nor bills of lading signed on day of sailing. apr12:1

MEDICAL.

FORTY YEARS PRACTICE.

DR. JOHNSON, IN SEXUAL DISEASES

Gives me a knowledge seldom acquired by Physicians. My long experience of fifteen years in the treatment of patients treated annually by me, are such as to be proof of my success.

SPERMATORRHŒA, or Sexual Weakness, and all diseases arising therefrom, are cured in a much shorter time than heretofore by any NEW METHOD. A LETTER WRITTEN to me will be answered by return of the mail, post paid. All letters must contain a stamp to pay return postage. Correspondence held sacred. Office, No. 2 MITCHELL STREET, near Diamond Square, Pittsburgh, Pa. Address, J. W. BRANSTROP, M. D., Box 300, Pittsburgh, Pa.

PRIVATE DISEASES.

OFFICE 253½ PENN STREET, near Hand.

For the cure of all diseases of a private nature, in from 5 to 10 days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also, Seminal Weakness, and all other diseases of the genital organs and their prevention. Cure warranted or money refunded.

Office hours—7 to 10 A. M., 1 to 3, and 6 to 8 P. M.
Address letters W., 253½ Penn street. mh19

STOVES, GRATES, &c.

TO HOUSE BUILDERS AND *HOUSE KEEPERS.*

STOVES, GRATES AND RANGES.

We respectfully invite the attention of the public to our extensive variety of COOKING STOVES, GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, COOKING RANGES, &c.

Having recently increased our facilities for manufacturing Stoves, and greatly improved our styles of GRATE FRONTS, and introduced one of the BEST COOKING RANGES to be had in the community, we ask an inspection of anything in our line of business to give us a call.

BISSELL & CO.,

Nos. 136 LIBERTY STREET, Manufacturers of the Celebrated TRIUMPH and BLACK OAK COOK STOVES. apr16:lyd

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON.

Last night of Mr. Neafie, Favorite.

EDWIN ADAMS,

Who will appear as EDWARD MIDDLETON, and as HAMLET,

MASTER MATHEWS' BOOK.

Uncle Tom's Cabin.

THIS (Saturday) EVENING, will be presented the thrilling Drama of

DRUNKARD; OR THE FALLEN SAVED!

Edward Middleton.....Edwin Adams.

Last night of the Star Engagement of

BLACK EYED SUSAN

William.....Edwin Adams.

MONDAY, WHITE OAKS.

OPERA HOUSE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER.....ANNIE EBERLE.

Last night of the great and original Tragedian,

CHARLES DILLON.

Who will appear in his unapproachable character of BELPHEGOR, as played by him for upward of 40 nights.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON will be presented the great American Drama of

THEOCTOROON.

EVENING PERFORMANCE to commence with

BELPHEGOR, THE MOUNTEBANK.

To conclude with the great American Drama of

THEOCTOROON.

THE CHAMPIONS ARE COMING!

COTTON & MURPHY'S

California Minstrels,

Brass Band & Burlesque Opera Troupe

This talented company, pronounced by the Press and Public to be THE CHAMPION TROUPE OF AMERICA, will open

AT MASONIC HALL,

For ONE WEEK ONLY, commencing MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 23, 1866.

Admission, Parquette, Reserved Seats, 50 cents.
Doors open at 7½; commence at 8 o'clock.
Matinee Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock; admission 25 cents to all parts of the house.

H. E. FARMELEE,
O. UNDERWOOD, } Agents.

NEW CLASSES ARE FORMING

AT

PROF. COWPER'S

Fashionable Dancing Academy,

WILKINS HALL, Fourth street. Days of Tuition, TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY. Ladies, Misses and Misses, three till 6. P. M. Gentlemen, Evenings. Hall to rent when disengaged by classes. Apply to PROF. COWPER, at the Hall. apr21:1

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT,

WILKIN'S HALL.

The large enough, and not too large by two-thirds for social occasion, and desirable in point.

WILKINS HALL, Fourth street, near smithfield, is best adapted for Concerts, Lectures, Balls, &c., and to Social Parties will find that the Hall is neatly fitted, and has best and most convenient dressing rooms in the city. Terms reasonable. Apply to

PROF. COWPER, at the Hall.

BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.,

No. 58 Market Street,

Have now on hand an extensive assortment of LADIES', MISSES', BOYS' and CHILDREN'S

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Balmorals,

Which they can and do sell as cheap as any other house in the city.

Call and examine, at No. 58 Market street. apr21

92 FEDERAL STREET.

$80,000 WORTH

OF THE

Latest and Best Styles of

Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, &c.,

Bought at Panic Prices for cash,

And to be sold immediately at a small advance. Dealers and the public generally are invited to call and examine the stock.

W. K. McCLINTOCK,
92 Federal Street, Allegheny City.

SECOND PARCEL ARRIVAL

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER

Boots, Shoes,

GAITERS AND BALMORALS,

At Lower Prices than last Month

Call early to get the best and greatest bargains, at the old stand of

J. B. & W. C. BORELAND,
No. 98 Market Street.

apr21 Second door from Fifth avenue.

LADIES, GENTS

AND

CHILDREN'S

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,

BALMORALS,

Slippers, &c.,

AT

T. A. M'CLELLAND'S

AUCTION EMPORIUM,

Nos. 55 and 57

Fifth Street,

Private Sales Day and Evening.

NEW GOODS.

A SPLENDID STOCK

OF

Ladies', Gent's, Misses', and Children's

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS,

OF ALL THE LATEST STYLES.

JUST OPENED AT

J. A. ROBINSON & CO.'S,

81 Market Street.

apr21

BOOTS AND SHOES.

JAMES ROBB,

No. 89 Market Street near 5th.

Second large purchase of BOOTS AND SHOES this spring. We keep on hand a full assortment of every variety of Boots and Shoes, selected with the utmost care for this market. We invite special attention to our stock, as we have it to be the best in the city. Which we will sell at the lowest prices. Please call at No. 89 Market street. Having had over thirty years experience in the business, we cannot fail to be suited. JAMES ROBB.

No. 89 Market street. apr21

$9,000 WHO CAN BEAT THIS. $9,000

FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY, I am selling a GOOD FRENCH CALF SKIN BOOT for the small sum of NINE DOLLARS, at No. 16 Market street.

apr21:1 D. A. HAMILTON.

PLUMBERS, &c.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Patent Lead Pipe.

Have constantly on hand and made to order,

LEAD PIPE AND SHEET LEAD

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Warehouse, No. 167 Smithfield Street.

apr20

DRAUGHTING.

GENERAL DRAUGHTING OFFICE And Patent Agency

No. 12 St. Clair St., near Suspension Bridge

H. F. GENGEMBRE Civil Engineer
No. 24 May street.

FOR SALE---FOR RENT.

FOR SALE.

A SMALL FARM of 9 acres, situate in Ross township, Allegheny county, Pa., about 6 miles from the Court House, on the Brownsville Road. The improvements are a large two-story Frame House, with 9 rooms, double parlors, wide hall running through the house, water in the door; a Bank Barn, 36 by 30 feet, and other out buildings; a garden of choice vegetables, also a young orchard of half acre, planted with all kinds of fruit and vines; fruit of every kind; about 70 rods of pailing, all of it of grafted fruit. The soil of the whole farm is good. The entire front of fencing is of cut limestone, and the yard in front, planted with shrubbery and evergreens. For a city residence, it is not surpassed, and for a profitable investment, there is no question.

Also, the best Farm in Elizabeth township, containing about 90 acres, lying on the Monongahela river, immediately below Lock No. 2, on which is erected a large two-story Brick Dwelling House, 50 by 30, and one Frame Bank Barn, corn-crib, wagon shed, brick spring house, granary, work shop, &c. About 30 acres of the above is first quality river bottom, the balance being limestone land, and underlaid with coal, and about 20 acres of limestone. There are several hundred apple trees in good bearing condition; peach, pear, plum trees and grape vines, &c. The land is well adapted for gardening purposes, being a short distance from the thriving borough of Elizabeth, creating a market at home for all the products. This property will be sold cheap and on easy terms.

Also, a Farm of 117 acres, situate in Fallowfield township, Washington county, Pa., about 12 miles from the town of Washington. The improvements are, first, a two-story frame house with five rooms; second, a two-and-a-half story hewed log house; third, a No. 1 new barn, 40 by 40 feet; a good spring house, three large orchards of different fruit, apple, peach, pear, plum, quinces, cherry, &c.; 30 acres cleared, the remainder in good timber. The land is level and of the very best quality, and will be sold at a reduced price.

Also, Farm of about 120 acres, in Fallowfield township, Washington Co., Pa., about 1 mile west of Lock No. 4, on the Monongahela river. The improvements are a two-story log and frame house; a frame barn, wagon shed and other out buildings; fencing generally good; a young orchard of apples and other fruit trees; 80 acres of coal of the best quality, and a vein of the first limestone, convenient to Church, schools, mills, &c. This property I am authorized to sell very cheap.

Also, a farm of about 200 acres, situate in West Wheatfield township, Indiana county, Penna. The improvements are a good, comfortable, two-story Frame House, with 8 rooms, a large Frame barn, carriage house, good corn crib and wash house, bake oven and a two-story stone spring house; about 150 acres cleared and in timothy and clover; a good orchard of apple, peach, pear and quince trees. The fencing is generally good. The land is of a good quality, abundance of timber, and about 1,000 acres underlaid with coal. This property will be sold very cheap.

Also, a Farm of about 240 acres adjoining the above. The improvements are a large two-story log House and a large frame barn; 175 acres cleared and under a good state of cultivation; a small apple orchard of two-year-old trees; about 60 acres of timber, which would make a first rate Stock Farm, or will be sold separately.

Also, the best farm in Fairfield township, Westmoreland county, Pa., containing 260 acres, about 6 miles south of the Pa. Railroad at the junction of the two large hewed log houses; one of the largest and best frame barns in the township; two apple orchards. The whole farm is under a high state of cultivation. The fencing is all No. 1. The land is of the very best limestone; about 200 acres cleared, the balance in good timber. Possession on the first day of April, 1866. This property will be sold at a great bargain. The owner wishes to engage in other business.

Also, a Farm of 150 acres, situate in McCandless township, Allegheny county, Pa., about 8 miles from the city. The improvements are a log House, a good barn, a young orchard of apple, peach and pear. I will sell this valuable property very cheap and on easy terms.

For further particulars, inquire of

G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent,
No. 164 Fourth street.

FOR SALE,

Six Acres of Woodland

IN RESERVE TP.

LOTS ON CENTRE AVENUE,

Soho St. and Penna. Avenue,

ENQUIRE OF

McMASTER, GAZZAM & CO.,

apl6 Attorneys at Law, 86 Grant street.

A HANDSOME COUNTRY HOME

FOR SALE, situate 2½ miles from the city, and within ten minutes' walk of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, commanding a beautiful view of the city, river and surrounding country. It comprises about 8 acres of ground, highly cultivated and laid out in the most tasteful style of modern landscape gardening; is studded with shrubbery, and a great variety of the choicest fruits and vines in full bearing. There is also on it a never-failing spring of water, and about one acre in wood. The improvements consist in part of a neat Brick cottage, with 8 rooms, a good cellar, and all the usual out-buildings, an out room for man, &c., a fine asparagus and splendid pumpkin vetch. For terms and all particulars, price, terms, &c., enquire of E. McLAIN & CO.

FOR SALE.

POSSESSION GIVEN APRIL 1ST.

A Delightful Residence in M'Clure Tp.

The Lot is in the highest state of cultivation, two good Springs on the premises.

For terms, enquire of

JAMES T. SAMPLE,
Real Estate Broker and Insurance Agent,
No. 85 Federal street, Allegheny.

COAL AND LIME PROPERTY

FOR SALE "On the Steubenville Railroad, seven miles from the city.

CONTAINING ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SIX ACRES,

Steam and Water Power Flouring and Saw Mill, and other improvements.

Also, about Eighty Acres of COAL, without the land, also, adjoining the above.

Also, two Farms at Stewart's Station, on Central Railroad, containing 140 acres and 125 acres.

For further particulars, enquire of G. H. BATES, Butler street, Lawrenceville.

WILLIAM WARD,
(Opposite the Cathedral,)
No. 110 Grant street.

HOTEL PROPERTY FOR SALE

AND

ON 90 FEET OF LAND.—That nearly new and commodious Brick Hotel Building, containing 30 rooms, at BRINTON'S STATION, on the Pennsylvania R. R., in connection with the Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R., 11 miles from the city. There are about 100 acres of land connected with the Hotel, of which 50 are tillable and 50 acres timber. There is a good young orchard of apple, peach and pear trees; never failing soft water Springs on the premises, and water to a height of 30 feet. The property is capable of sub-division into lots for country residences. Title good.

S. P. BRYAN,
Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,
57 Fourth street, (Burke's Building.)

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE COAL LAND.

Will be sold TO-DAY at reduced prices. This tract is situated in Westmoreland county, Penna., on the North-Western Pennsylvania Railroad, about two miles east of Apollo, and containing 300 acres, of which 150 are COAL, LIMESTONE and FIRE CLAY and very complete WATER POWER.

For further particulars inquire at the Law and Claim Office of

W. J. & HALL PATTERSON,
No. 94 Fourth St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

VALUABLE BLOCK OF LOTS

FOR SALE IN THE NINTH WARD—Bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the corner of Liberty and Liberty streets; thence along Liberty street 300 feet to the corner of Carroll street; thence along said street 80 feet to Spring alley, opening into Liberty street; thence along Liberty street 300 feet to the corner of Carroll street, thence along said street 80 feet to Spring alley, opening into Liberty street, the place of beginning. It will be sold in one lot or in parcels to suit purchasers. Apply to

B. McLAIN & CO., 122 Fourth st.

VALUABLE FARM AND SAW MILL FOR SALE—Contains 205 acres, 100 of which are under cultivation the balance Fine Timber; Saw Mill in complete order, capable of cutting 5,000 feet per hour. Two Barns, good Orchard; underlaid with Coal and Ore; situated in Pine Township, Indiana County, 5 miles from Ninevah Station. Offered cheap and on easy terms. Apply to

B. McLAIN & CO.,
No. 122 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—One Lot 20 feet front on Penna. Avenue by 130 feet to Watson street; two-story Brick Dwelling on rear of lot.

Also, one lot 20 feet front on Summer street, Pitt township, by 100 feet, on which is erected a two-story Frame Dwelling.

Also, eleven lots adjoining the above, 20 by 80 to an alley.

JOHN D. BAILEY,
Stock and Real Estate Broker,
No. 57 Fourth street.

DWELLING FOR RENT. A three story Brick House of modern build, well conveniently arranged, containing nine rooms and bath room; centrally and pleasantly located between the Fair street and Hand street Bridges in Allegheny City.

S. P. BRYAN,
Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,
57 Fourth street, Burke's Building.

DWELLING HOUSE ON WYLIE

STREET FOR SALE.—That large and well finished three story Brick Dwelling on Wylie street, near Fifth, finished in modern style, containing 11 rooms, kitchen, range, bath room, hot and cold water throughout the building. Gas fixtures. The most desirable properties for a dwelling or boarding house now offered for sale. Possession April 1st. Terms reasonable. Apply to

B. McLAIN & CO., 122 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—455 acres of Coal, situate in Smith township, Washington county, Penna., near the line of the Steubenville Railroad, and 30 miles from the city. For further particulars, enquire of G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent, No. 164 Fourth street, or to WILLIAM M'CANDLESS, on the premises. jy28:1

FOR SALE—A two-story Brick dwelling of 7 rooms, hall and vestibule, three years built, with lot 6 by 60 feet, situate on Ewalt street, Lawrenceville, all in complete order. For further information, terms, &c., apply at the Real Estate and Insurance office of G. H. BATES, Butler street, Lawrenceville.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION No. 90 WEBSTER STREET FOR SALE—A neat well built two-story Brick House, of hall, five rooms, and water and painted cellar and kitchen. Also, a frame building fronting back on Bertha street, near Roberts street. Price $2,500.

Also, a House and Lot on Mt. Washington for sale. CUTHBERT & SONS, 51 Market st.

FOR SALE—Four 2-story Frame Dwellings, on Fayette street.

Also, two lots on Watson street, 20 by 112 feet to Forbes street.

JOHN D. BAILEY,
Stock and Real Estate Broker,
No. 102 Fourth street.

$1,300 CASH will purchase a neat Cottage House of three rooms and cellar, and large Lot 100 feet front on Bertha street, by 174 feet deep on Leslie street, Mount Washington adjoining fruit and shade trees, etc. Immediate possession. Apply to

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
No. 51 Market street.

CHEAP BUILDING LOT FOR SALE in the Seventh Ward, having a front on Dinwiddie street of 18 feet, and extends back along the line of Reed street 100 feet; well situated for a large manufacturing site. Will sell at $1,000 (easy terms.) Apply to

B. McLAIN & CO.

FOR SALE—500 acres of heavy Timber Land in Snyder township, Jefferson county, which we offer at the low price of $4 per acre. Apply to

McLAIN & CO., 122 Fourth street.

320 ACRES OF LAND in Bollinger county, Missouri, is offered at $1.00 per acre. Apply to

B. McLAIN & CO.

ARCHITECT.

JAMES M. RALPH,

ARCHITECT,

Prepares EXPLICIT DRAWINGS and SPECIFICATIONS for all kinds of Buildings, and superintends their erection, on reasonable terms.

Office on ANDERSON STREET, between Lacock and Robinson streets, ALLEGHENY CITY. mh3:

MEDICAL.

GREENBACKS

ARE GOOD,

BUT

ROBACK'S BITTERS

ARE BETTER.

Roback's Stomach Bitters

After years of experience and trial have proven to be the best remedy extant for all complaints where a tonic and stimulant are required. They never fail to strengthen the weak, impart vigor to the strong and in all respects restore shattered and broken down constitutions. No one should be persuaded with as worthless as ROBACK'S STOMACH BITTERS.

ROBACK'S

BLOOD PILLS

CURE

SICK HEADACHE!

Costiveness.

And All Diseases of the Bowels

DR. ROBACK'S

Blood Pills,

Blood Pills,

AND

BLOOD PURIFIER

ARE UNEQUALED

FOR CURING

Scrofula, Syphilis, Skin Disease, Old Sores, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia or Indigestion,

Sick Headache,

Liver Complaint.

Rheumatism,

FEVER AND AGUE,

St. Anthony's Fire,

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

GREENBACKS

ARE GOOD,

BUT

It is admitted by our most learned physicians that DR. ROBACK'S BITTERS combine the properties of a gentle laxative, an efficient anti-bilious agent and the best stomachic known to the world.

ROBACK'S

BITTERS should be used by convalescents to strengthen the prostration which always follows acute diseases.

In the bilious districts of the West and South there has, for a long time, been a much needed, an article of stomach Bitters, which, if taken in proper quantities and at the proper time, will a sure preventive of

Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Jaundice, Kidney Complaints, and all Diseases of a similar nature, and

Are Better

A preventive for bilious derangement, regulating the system, and giving tone to the digestive organs, than any other known remedy.

Now that the war is over, there will be thousands seeking homes in the South. No person who values life should go there without having constantly at hand the BITTERS, as a safeguard against malaria and maladies engendered by miasma and polute water.

Travelers to and all residents of the rank bottoms of the west and south, and the valley Mississippi and its tributaries, should provide themselves with the

BITTERS.

PRINCE, WALTON & CO.,

Successors to Dr. C. W. Roback,

SOLE PROPRIETORS.

To whom all orders should be addressed.

Nos. 56, 58, 60 and 62

EAST THIRD STREET,

CINCINNATI, O.

ap6 eow6m&w6m

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

OWENS, KENNEDY & HARPER,

W. J. STEEL & BRO., late Flem-

CHARLES C. BAELEY, Produce

M'BANE & ANDER, COMMISSION

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REMMER & BROS., Successors to

R. KNOX & SON, Commission

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SCHOMAKER & LANG, Wholesale

HEAD & METZGAR, Grocers and

FETZER & ARMSTRONG, For-

H. RIDDLE, No. 156 Liberty St.,

ROBT. DALZELL & CO., Whole-

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WATT & WILSON, Wholesale

AMBERT, SHIPTON & CO.,

SARAH DICKEY & CO., Wholesale

L. B. VOIGHT & Co., (Successors to

WIBBINS & INHART,

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.

NOW BEING RECEIVED,

THAT ELEGANT STOCK OF

CHICKERING PIANOS,

Selected personally by the subscriber, during a recent visit to the Factory.

SEVENTEEN INSTRUMENTS

are now open, and ready for examination, and will positively be sold low and on easy terms.

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

**CHARLES C. MELL

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 21, 1866.

ROBINSON, McCLEAN & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
No. 75 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh,

Dealers in all kinds of Government Securities, Gold and Silver, Uncurrent Bank Notes, Foreign and Domestic Exchange, etc., etc.

Deposits received in Par Funds, and Currency. Interest allowed on time deposits. Collections made in all parts of the United States on most favorable terms.

Orders executed with dispatch for everything in the business at the Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh Brokers' Boards strictly on commission.

Draw on H. CLEWS & CO., New York, J. COOKE & CO., Philadelphia; Messrs. C. D. & T. H. PERKINS, Boston.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FRIDAY, April 20, 1866.

Gold has undergone but little change for a day or two, fluctuating between 135¾ and 136¼. Government bonds firm but unchanged; 1881's, 107½@5-20's, 104¾@10's, 93½, 74@6's, 101¾. Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad stock, 59½. Pittsburgh & Fort Wayne, 91½. In our local stock market, there is but little doing, and local stocks are moving very slowly.

—The Chicago papers have not yet got through with A. C. Badger & Co. The *Tribune*, of Thursday, says:

The case of A. C. Badger & Co., and their connection with the B. H. Badger fraud, has again become the chief topic of conversation in financial circles. For a week past very little has been said about it, and the public mind had cooled down on the subject till the whole affair was revived yesterday afternoon at the meeting of the Clearing House Association. The full report of said meeting has been digested by the readers of the TRIBUNE, but we are at a loss to see where the case of A. C. Badger & Co. has been improved by the delay that has taken place. On the contrary, we find that the refusal of that firm to submit the pecuniary question to the arbitrament of the members of the clearing house, seven after Mr. Blair and Mr. Ellis guaranteed that they would protect A. C. Badger & Co against any loss which that firm might sustain in consequence of suits being brought against the holders of outstanding checks, has damaged their cause in the eyes of the public. The movement on Change, who refuse to submit a disputed case to the arbitration of merchants, but prefers to take his case into the law courts, is generally supposed to "have a lame case. But if one's banker refuses to be guided or the experience and judgment of the ablest and oldest financiers in the west, and will submit nothing to arbitration but "honor," as if that could be upheld under the refusal to deliver up money which was fraudulently obtained.

—A proposition is before Congress to reduce the annual taxes about seventy-five millions of dollars. This the Government can afford, as its current receipts for the year, after all expenditures, which last are capable of being largely reduced, and to the reduction the attention of Congress should be steadily devoted, for the people think a "penny saved is a penny gained" is as applicable to the affairs of a nation as to those of an individual. As a step in the direction of a reduction of expenses the New York *Herald* suggests that the interest on the United States funds deposited with the Treasury by the National Banks as a basis of circulation be reduced three per cent. This would possibly cause some wailing among those most nearly concerned, but the public would gain where only a few stockholders would lose.

—The Philadelphia *Ledger*, of April 14, says:

Gold, yesterday, took an upward turn, closing fully 1 per cent higher than on the previous day, and was inactive demand. It is believed that the short interest is still large, but the banks are indisposed to increase, in view of the disbursement of more than twenty millions in payment of the May coupons on the Five Twenty loan. Were it not that the amount of specie now held by the banks has been for some time past operating for a fall, the premium would be higher than it is, and the recent perturbations of the market would have been avoided. The fact is, however, that the uncertainties of the market, and on which the wisest among us acknowledge themselves much at fault

—The exports for the last week from the port of New York were $6,000,000 in value, including 20,142 bales of cotton, which, with the demand for the New England mills, has a became impression on the heavy stock on hand. The stock of New Orleans is reported below 10,000 bales, though the arrivals continue quite considerable for the advanced state of the season.

—The Titusville *Herald* thinks there is some probability that the Crawford County Bank, that recently went under with the Oilvey, Fenn & Co. failure, will resume business; but the few items given as to its condition do not look much that way.

—The falling off in receipts of the Pittsburgh Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, during the month of March, as compared with same time last year, is $20,139, and since the 1st of January, $51,415.

Finance and Trade in New York.

NEW YORK, April 20—Gold fluctuating, and closed at 135¾.

Money continues easy. At the one o'clock open board there was great excitement on Erie, and the sales were over 7,500 shares, at 74@74¾. After this the whole market began to took an upward start and became the great feature. The stock rose rapidly from 74 to 85, At the last board the market was again in the assembly room, and higher prices were made. The advance was general, but most marked on Fort Wayne. This stock is in the hands of a clique, and the bears are likely to be bullied before the upward movement culminates. The market is fast getting over the holidays, and there is an increasing disposition to speculate for a rise.

At 4 P. M. the following were the closing prices: Quicksilver, 53¾; New York Central, 97; Erie, 75¾; Michigan Southern, 86; Chicago and North Western, 34¾; Chicago and Rock Island, 96; Chicago and North Western preferred, 67¾; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago, 91¾.

The opening in the broadstuff market is rapidly drying out, and prices are steadily approaching the quotations current before the rise set in. Flour declined to-day 10@25c per bbl, and Wheat 3@5c per bush. Petroleum and Mining stocks dull. Sales: Pennsylvania, 11,8; United States, 900; Downieville, 32; Quartz Hill, 500; Texas, 90; Smithan Farmer, 86.

DRY GOODS

The following is the report from the New York Dry Goods Exchange, jobbers prices:

The market to-day was quiet and without any particular change in prices. Bleached goods are quite firm. Prints hold their own. Brown goods are steady, and buyers are not purchasing very largely. Prints—Allen, 18; Amoskeag, 18; Manchester, 18; Merrimack D, 21; Cochece, 21; Dunnells, 18; Freeman, 15; Garner & Co., 20; Hamilton, 19, London Mourning, 19½; Lancaster, 18; Merrimack D, 21; Merrimack W, 21; Pacific, 19; Richmonds, 18; Sprague's Frocks, 21; Sprague's Fancy, 20; Victory, 16; Warrantia, 18½; Printed Delaines—Armures, 23½; Hamilton, 21; Pacific, 20; Brills—brown Pepperell, 25; Stark H, 21; Whitthrop, 19; Corset Jeans—Estes, 19½; Nashawenas, 23½; Pepperell, 28; Pepperell, 25; Hoop Skirts—Thomson's Crown Frenchflexible springs, per dozen hoops, 75@$1 00; Crown Boulevard trains per dozen hoops, $1@1 50; Thompson's Glove Fitting, per dozen, $2 50; Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, $2 00@3 00; Bradley's Empress train, $1 25; Kelley Manufacturing Company, No. 20, train 45@62c; no. 220, train 50@62c; No. 1, 1 hoop skirts, 50@1 12; No. 2, narrow tapes, 45@1 12; No. 3, sanctum, 1 00@1 50; Portland, 12½; Victory, 15; Washington, 18; Paper Cambries—English, 19@20c; Slater & Son, 20c; Fairrow, 18c; Schumacher—Fairrows, 18c; Schumacher's, 20c; New York Mills, 45; Plow, Loom and Anvil, 70; Richmond, 52c; Brown Sheetings—Amoskeag, B, 15c; Atlantic, A, 20c; D, 22c; E, 20c; H, 24c; Augusta, 14@15c; No. 3, Pacific Lawn, 17; Bedford, 18; Hope, H, 17; O, 21; S, 24; Bleached Sheetings—Androscoggin, 30c; Barclett, 40-inch, 31; 36-inch, 34; 40, 36-inch, 22½; Dallas, 36-inch, 28; 40, 36-inch, 32; Forrest Mills, 40, Home, 36-inch, 32.

Wheat in Store in Minnesota.

The St. Paul *Press* estimates the wheat, and flour reduced to wheat, in store in the State, and awaiting shipment, as follows:

	Bushels. Wheat.	Bbls. Flour.	Total Wheat.
Winnebago	—	—	100,000
Red Wing	—	—	84,000
Hastings	80,000	8,500	122,500
Minnesota Central	112,000	50,000	362,000
Minnesota Valley	—	—	445,000
Total at these points			1,266,500

*Including flour reduced to wheat.

We estimate that the mouth of Rochester and Lake City, and other points, will add 250,000 bushels in store awaiting shipment at points of deportion on the different railroads. How much more is yet held back by farmers, we have no means of knowing.

Chicago Cattle Market.

CHICAGO, April 19.—The receipts of beef cattle to-day are 409 cars. Entered sales, 1,200 head, at prices ranging from $4,50@5 00 for common; $5 25@5,70 for medium to fair packing steers, and at from $6,75@7,25 for good to best grades. The market under the large receipts is quiet, at yesterday's quotations. Eastern buyers are purchasing sparingly, and, judging from the liberal offerings, sellers will have to submit to a reduction of from 15@25c per 100 lbs before any more shipping can be effected. The pens are quite full, and further supplies are en route.

New York Seed Market

NEW YORK, April 18—Clover is quiet but firm, 32,000 bags have been sold, in lots, at 9¾@12c for western and state. Timothy is only in moderate demand, sales of 500 bags at $5,25@5,50. Flax remains dull at previous rates. In canary there is a little more business, and 100 bbls seedy have been taken on private terms. These facts show a better movement in Linseed, and prices are material ly higher, $2,40 cold having been paid, and $2,50 asked for parcels to arrive—the stock is being rapidly taken up, without corresponding shipments.

Chicago Lumber Market.

CHICAGO, April 18—The arrivals are still light, and there is no change to note in the tone of the market. Shingles continue in active demand and firm. Sales were: Cargo schr Two Brothers, from Kalamazoo, 200 m sawed A shingles at $5 cargo schr Driver, from Grand River, 140 m lair mixed at $14; cargo schr Woolner, from Holland, 40 m sundling and joists at $13,75; cargo schr Seaville, from Grand River, 90 m mixed at $12; cargo schr Davis, from Grand River, 90 m mixed at $—.

Lumber at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI April 18.—The spring lumber trade has fairly opened, the first large sale of the season having been made from the river to-day. Common lots of white feet, which was purchased at $26 per M, sawed runs. This is more than dealers expected to pay, and many of them are still holding off for lower figures; but bridges are firm in their views. The universal this far are only moderate, and it is believed the run of the season will not be more than equal to the wants of the trade.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, April 20, 1866.

The rather unfavorable character of the advices both from the east and west yesterday, had a tendency to allay somewhat the excitement which prevailed in Flour and Grain, but as stocks are very light, holders are very firm and refuse to sell unless they can realize extreme prices. Groceries quiet but steady, with a fair jobbing demand, and the same remarks will apply to Provisions. In other articles, there has been no change worthy of special notice.

ASHES—Pearl Ash firm and in demand at 12 cents, and the stock is light. Soda Ash is quiet but steady at 5½@5¾c for common, and 7 for Refined.

GRAIN—Wheat is firm but unchanged, sale of 1 car club at $1,90, and 1 car Red Winter at $2,15. Oats firm and scarce; sale of 1 car to arrive, at 50; and small sales from store at 55. Corn in light supply and firm at 70 to 75 from store. Barley is firmer and in demand. Rye unchanged and quiet.

FLOUR—There is a continued fair local demand but the market is less excited, and quite a number of dealers entertain the opinion that there will be a reaction soon and lower prices. We continue to quote from store at $9@9 25 for Spring Wheat, $9@10 for half Spring and half Winter, and $10@11 for Winter Wheat. Rye Flour is selling at $5@5 25.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is quiet and unchanged at 15 for Shoulders; 18@19c for Ribbed Sides; and 20@21c for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard is firmer, and held at a slight advance—1st qual, Mess Pork is dull and nominal at $27@28 per barrel.

POTATOES—There is no falling off in the arrivals as yet, and not withstanding the supply is largely in excess of the demand, prices have, as yet, undergone but little change. We quote for Early Rose, 75@80c; Carol Lake, 70@75c; Mercers, 60@65c; Peerless, 60@65c; Pinkeye, 60@65c; Hebrons, 60@65c; Prolific, 60@65c; Neshannocks, 60@65c; Burbanks, 60@65c; Mountain Seedlings, 60@65c; Mountain Whites, 60@65c; Mountain Reds, 60@65c; Mountain Blues, 60@65c; Mountain Mixed, 60@65c; Peachblows, 60@65c; Goodrich, 60@65c; Jackson White, 60@65c; Jackson Reds, 60@65c; Jackson Mixed, 60@65c; Harrisons, 60@65c; Garnet Chili, 60@65c; Mercer Blues, 60@65c; Mercer Mixed, 60@65c; Chenangos